



열린 제안
Open Proposal

Green Transition from the Tyranny of Greenwashing Capitalism : The Global Ecocide of Korean Companies

녹색 분칠에서 녹색 전환으로
: 한국 기업의 전 지구적 생태학살

장윤석 Yunseok Jang

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1. Radical Future Sinarior



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#FutureCitiesArein
GreenwashingCapitalism

#FutureCitiesArein
Greenwashing Capitalism

#미래 도시는 녹색 분칠된 자본주의
속에 있을 것입니다

Open proposal
AYARF

Radical Future Senario

#FutureCitiesArein
GreenwashingCapitalism

Voice of Action

Wednesday, September 2, 2020

News for workers, rebels and the disenfranchised

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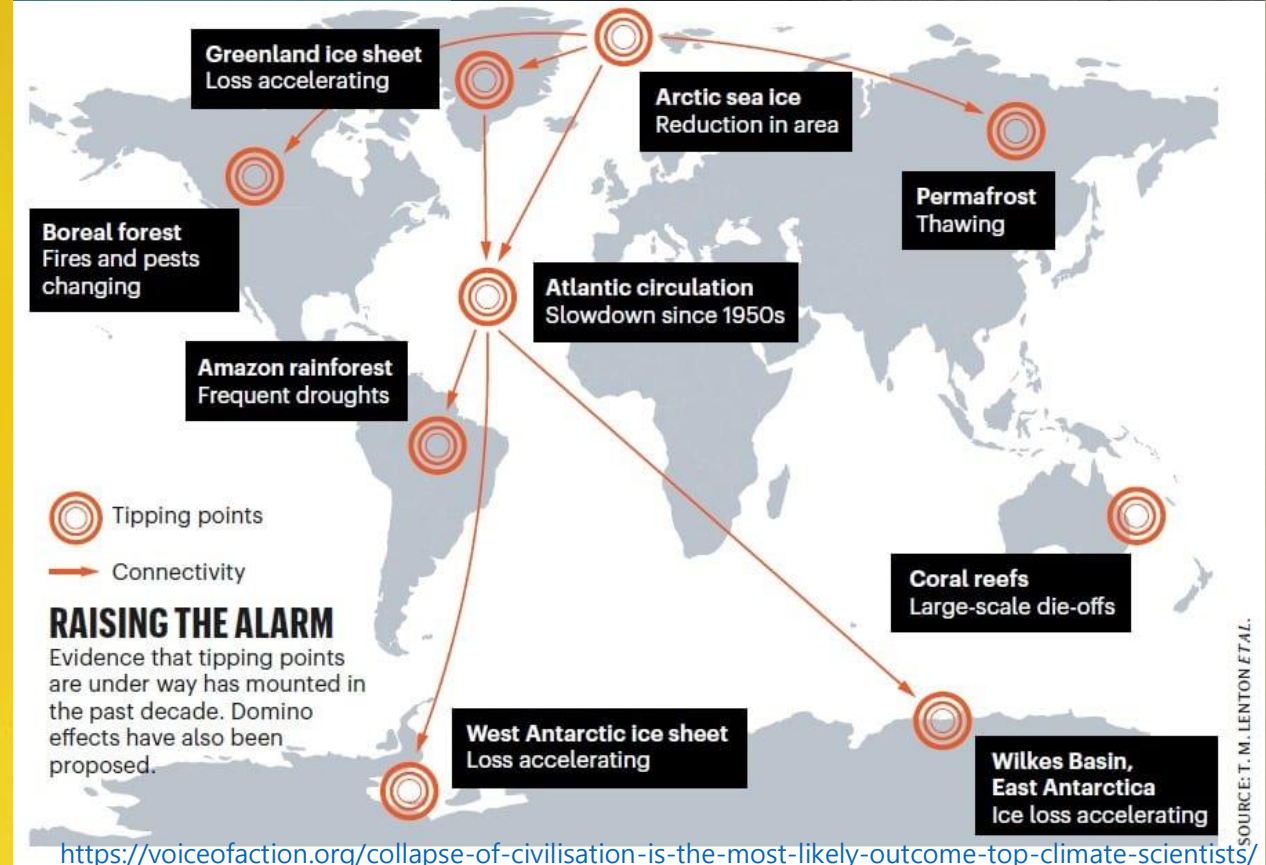
ECONOMICS

‘Collapse of civilisation is the most likely outcome’: top climate scientists

The world’s most eminent climate scientists and biologists believe we’re headed for the collapse of civilisation, and it may already be too late to change course.

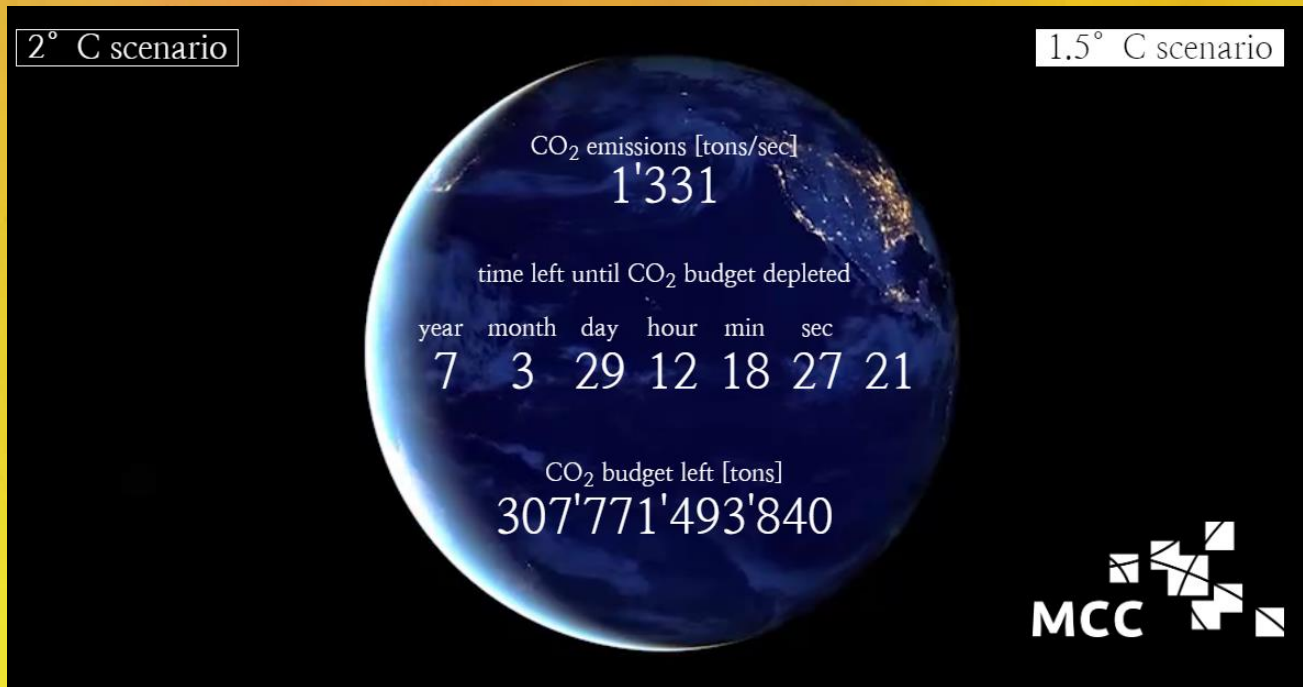


남극의 무더위(?)로 세종과학기지 주변의 눈이 거의 녹았습니다



Radical Future Senario

#FutureCitiesArein GreenwashingCapitalism



Remaining Carbon Budget (from start of 2020)*

Source: CONSTRAIN. (2019). *ZERO IN ON the remaining carbon budget and decadal warming rates*. Leeds, UK: The CONSTRAIN Project.

* Accounting for the latest data from 'Global Carbon Budget 2019' (Friedlingstein et al., 2019)

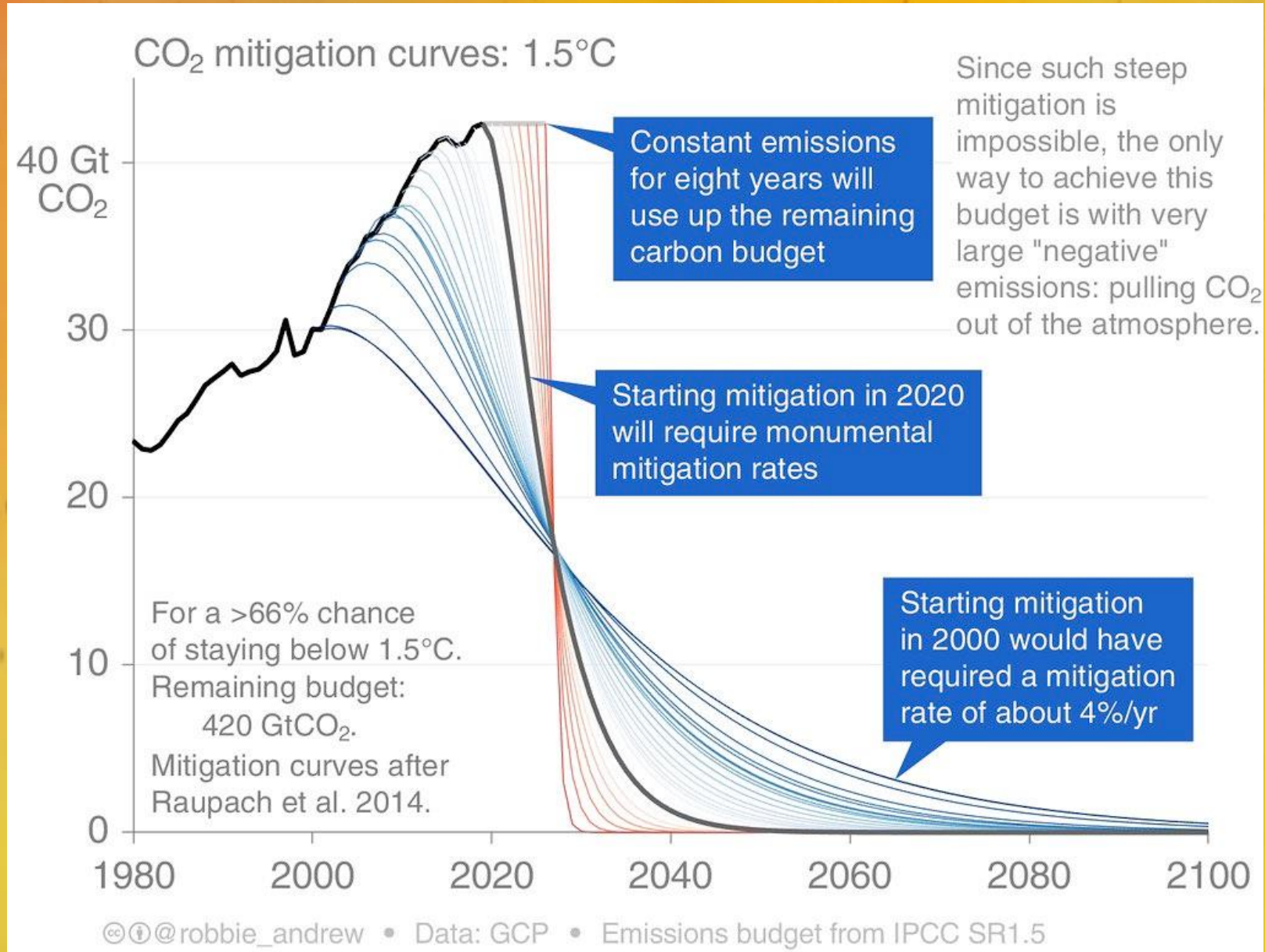
Probability of staying below	1.5 °C	2.0 °C
50%	395 Gt CO ₂	1315 Gt CO ₂
66%	235 Gt CO ₂	985 Gt CO ₂
Previous carbon budget (from start of 2018) (100 Gt CO ₂ of Earth System Feedbacks [‡] is subtracted from IPCC [2018, p. 108])	320 Gt CO ₂	1070 Gt CO ₂
Projected total anthropogenic CO ₂ emissions in 2019 (Friedlingstein et al., 2019)	43.1 (±3.2) Gt CO ₂	

[‡] Earth system feedbacks include CO₂ released by permafrost thawing or methane released by wetlands.

Friedlingstein, P., Jones, M. W., O'Sullivan, M., Andrew, R. M., Hauck, J., Peters, G. P., . . . Zaehle, S. (2019). Global Carbon Budget 2019. *Earth System Science Data*, 11(4), 1783–1838.
IPCC (Ed.). (2018). *Global Warming of 1.5°C. An IPCC Special Report on the impacts of global warming of 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels and related global greenhouse gas emission pathways, in the context of strengthening the global response to the threat of climate change, sustainable development, and efforts to eradicate poverty*. (In Press). Geneva, Switzerland: Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.

AYARF

Radical Future Scenario



Radical Future Senario

사람-환경-성장이 조화되는 그린선도 국가

임대주택 그린 리모델링
22.5만호

미세먼지 차단숲
723ha

태양광-풍력 발전 용량
42.7GW

아파트 스마트 전력망
500만호

물린 팩토리
1,750개

스마트 그린도시
25개

- 과감한 녹색전환과 혁신적 녹색산업으로
그린경제, 저탄소 경제를 구축
- 글로벌 녹색 생태계를 선도하는 국가
- 탄소 넷제로(Net-Zero)를 지향하며 국제 사회에서의
기후·환경 논의 주도



Green New Deal?

비전

선도국가로 도약하는 대한민국으로 전환

추격형 경제에서 **선도형 경제**로, 탄소의존 경제에서 **저탄소경제**로,
불평등 사회에서 **포용 사회**로 도약

2+1 정 책 방 향

디지털 뉴딜

경제전반의 디지털 혁신 및
역동성 촉진·확산

산업·기술
융복합·혁신

그린 뉴딜

경제기반의 친환경·저탄소
전환 가속화

사람투자 강화
일자리 창출

사람투자 강화
일자리 창출

안전망 강화

사람중심 포용국가 기반

재정 투자

新시장·수요 창출 마중물

제도 개선

민간의 혁신과 투자의 촉매제

추 진 과 제

10대 대표과제

디지털 뉴딜

- ① 데이터 댐
- ② 지능형 정부
- ③ 스마트 의료인프라

디지털·그린 융복합

- ④ 그린 스마트 스쿨
- ⑤ 디지털 트윈
- ⑥ 국민안전 SOC 디지털화
- ⑦ 스마트 그린산단

그린 뉴딜

- ⑧ 그린 리모델링
- ⑨ 그린 에너지
- ⑩ 친환경 미래 모빌리티

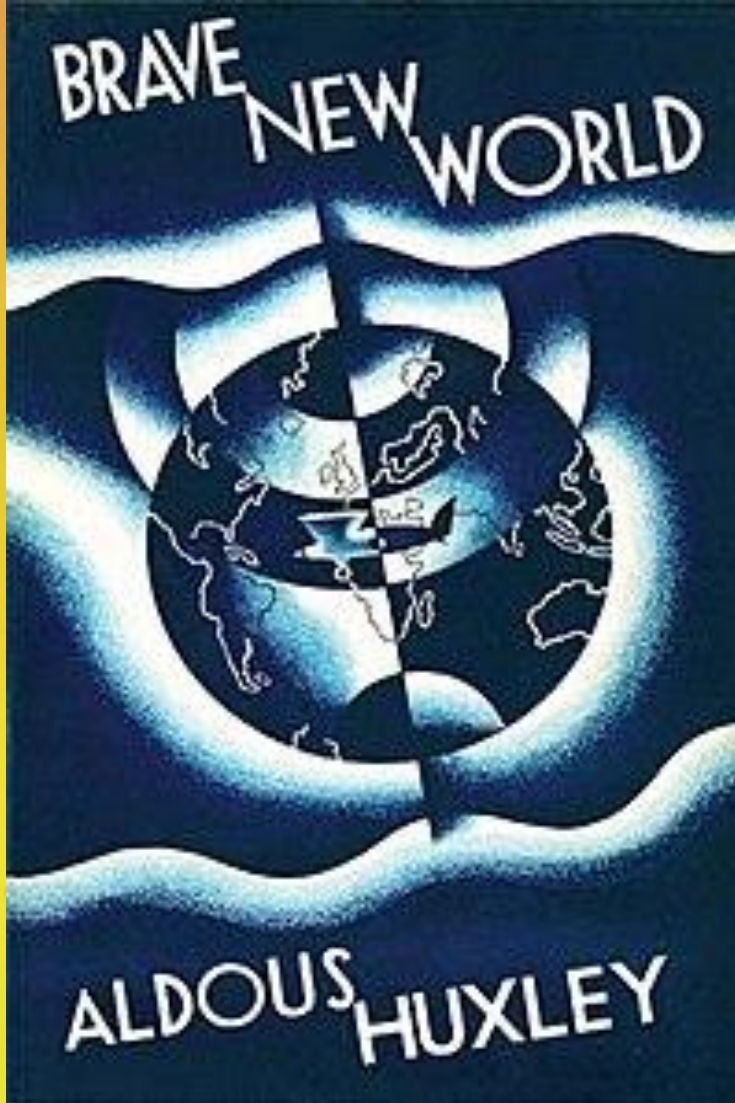
전체 28개 과제

디지털 뉴딜 (총12개)

그린 뉴딜 (총8개)

안전망 강화 (총8개)

Radical Future Senario



2. Research Proposal

- I . Building own perspective theory
- II . Case study
- III. Future Sinario, suggest Altanative and Bluprint

'The Global Ecocide Of Korean Companies'

- I note three incidents this year: LG Chem's India Bikashapatnam gas disaster(5.7), Kepco and Dosan's overseas coal power plant investment structure decision. Korindo and Posco international's illegal land exploitation of Indonesia Papua. Besides, there is Samsung's suppression of Vietnamese factory workers and sexual exploitation. SK's collapse of the Laos dam in 2018.
- So, the 2nd AYARF theme will be "The global ecocide, also known as ecosystem exploitation of Korea companies – Focus on chemical accident, overseas coal power plants investment, and land exploitation of palm oil farm."
- Key question is that 'Why are Korean companies notorious as villains, especially in the destruction of the global ecosystem? What is the structural cause of them?' Korean companies are making Asia as hell now. A huge paradox is at the center of this problem. First, the stock market does not reflect the influence of ecocide. Second, 'greenwashing' works well in this process. Third, public financial institutions and private companies are operative together, such as project financing. Fourth, the company's ecosystem destruction is committed to 'double standard'. Fifth, there is a back-scratching alliance in the local corrupt government.
- These are the causes. First, the corporate governance structure of Korean companies, called 'bulletproof clothing', the exclusive power of the owner. Second, the investment structure of private companies and public institutions, which evaluated only by profitability. Third, the Korean government's protection companies and connivance when the accident begins. Fourth, the lack of media awareness and be bought off. Fifth, the lack of power capacity in civil society.
- The following are the alternatives I suggest. First, change corporate governance, the introduction of a joint labor-management decision system. Second, the expansion of sustainable, ESG, SRI investment and regulation policy changed. Third, the expansion of land tax and carbon tax. Fourth, the protection of the rights of indigenous peoples, the application of Georgism. Fifth, the expanded Global Green New Deal, not the National Green New Deal.
- Ultimately, I'm looking forward to watching cases of exploitation by Korean companies around the world. And based on these cases, I try to make a theoretical solution, a theory that can analyze these situations critically. At the same time, I'm going to research, make it public, and active. I want to gather people in AYARF and expand my vision.

Core Keyword

Commodification Human-nature
Stewardship relationship
Monopoly corporate governance Treadmill of Production
독점적 기업 지배구조 파괴의 수레바퀴 De-growth
Green Transition Satanic Mills Ecological
citizenship
Green Peace 악마의 맷돌
Ecological Economics Ecocide Green New Deal
생태 학살 GreenWashing
Doughnut Economics Metabolical rift
물질대사 균열 Environmental and
Ecological Justice
Economic Democratization Ownership
Sustainable Development Economic
Development
Globalisation Green
Financialisation Capitalism

Out Point

Aim Point

Ecocide

Stewardship

De-growth

**Treadmill of
Production**

Ownership

**Ecological
Economics**

Green New Deal

Satanic Mills

Monopoly
corporate
governance

Human-Nature
Relationship

**Metabolical
Rift**

Doughnut
Economics

Green Transition

Ecological
citizenship

**Environmental
and Ecological
Justice**

**Economic
Development**

**Green
Washing**

Green Peace

Sustainable Development

Green
Growth

Green
Capitalism

Commodification

Economic Democratization

Financialisation

I . Building own perspective theory

Research Methodology

Main Question

1. Why korean companies are famous for their villains? 왜 한국 기업은 악당으로 유명한가?
2. What is the structural dynamics that cause ecoside? 에코사이드를 일으키는 구조적 동학은 무엇인가?
3. what can be presented in Asia as an alternative or development paradigm? - With the threat of climate change becoming more serious and conflicts in the southern and northern hemispheres intensifying. 무엇을 아시아에 대안의 상 혹은 개발 패러다임으로 내놓을 수 있을까? - 기후변화의 위협이 심각해지고 남반구와 북반구 갈등이 심해지는 상황에,
4. How should ecological justice be established? 생태정의는 어떻게 확립해야 하는가.
5. How to punish these ecoside companies for their crimes 어떻게 이 에코사이드 기업들의 범죄를 처벌할 것인가



I . Building own perspective theory

Theorical Assece – “Treadmill of production”

- **Hypohthesis – Interpreting “Ecocide” through the concept of “Treadmill of Production”**
- **Karl Polanyi Based**
- **Ecological Marxism Based**
- **Explain “Treadmill of Production”**
 1. Treadmill of production(TOP) theory was introduced by Allan Schnaiberg in his 1980
 2. It is a political economic approach for understanding environmental ecological disorganization, environmental destruction and harm in the Post World War II era.
 3. More recent applications of this view, however, have incorporated treadmill of production theory more directly into ecological Marxism“the single most important sociological concept and theory to have emerged within North American environmental sociology.”
 4. At the core of ToP is the idea that capitalism is an ecological destructive means of production, and that the processes of producing and consuming goods generates ecological disorganization (an idea Foster [2000, 2002, 2007] and Burkett [2006] expand on in ecological Marxism when they describe the inherent contradiction between capitalism and the ecosystem consisting of ecological destruction, and the fact that capitalism must destroy the eco-system to expand and grow)
 5. Capitalism’s ecologically destructive tendencies are seen in the processes of ecological withdrawals and ecological additions.



I . Building own perspective theory

Definitions of Ecocide

How can we define
“ecocide”?

What is ecocide?

a. Definition

- i. Ecocide is criminalized human activity that violates the principles of environmental justice, such as causing extensive damage or destroying ecosystems or harming the health and well-being of a species (including humans). (Wikipedia)
- ii. "The extensive damage to, destruction of or loss of ecosystems of a given territory, whether by human agency or by any other causes, to such an extent that peaceful enjoyment by the inhabitants of that territory has been severely diminished".(Polly Higgins, Environmental lawyer)



I . Building own perspective theory

Environmental and Ecological Justice

What is difference point on Environmental Justice and Ecological Justice

I . Building own perspective theory

Research Methodology

- 1) Theoretical Research 이론연구
- 2) Traditional Methodology – Qualitative Research 전통 연구방법론, 질적연구-탐구, 학술 및 이론과 대안에서 찾아가기
- 3) Activist Research(AR), 날아다니며 찾아가기
- 4) Victim and Activist's Voice 현장조사 듣기(피해자 및 사건관계자 조사)
- 5) Forensic 포렌식

Case study 1: Exploitation of land, labor, ecosystem in Indonesia by palm oil farm, Korindo, Posco international, Samsung





MONGABAY



The Consultant: Why did a palm oil conglomerate pay \$22m to an unnamed 'expert' in Papua?

BY THE GECKO PROJECT AND MONGABAY ON 25 JUNE 2020
Mongabay Series: Indonesian Forests, Indonesian Palm Oil

- In a year-long investigation with The Gecko Project, the Korean Center for Investigative Journalism-Newstapa and Al Jazeera, Mongabay traced a \$22 million "consultancy" payment connected to a major land deal in Indonesia's Papua province.
- It took us from South Korea and Singapore to the heart of the largest rainforest left in Asia, to find out what role the payment played in making the Korindo Group one of the largest oil palm producers in the region.

MONGABAY



Today, Korindo controls more land in Papua than any other conglomerate, and it has assumed many of the functions of the state in one of Indonesia's most neglected and militarized areas. We [estimated](#) that since the turn of the century, it had exported products worth \$320 million using timber harvested as it cleared the rainforest for plantations in the province. But indigenous Papuans we interviewed said Korindo had failed to keep its promise to improve their lives through jobs and development. We found infants suffering from malnutrition,



Albertus Vambrianto, left, lives in Ujung Kia, a village in the Mumanjar tribe, a sub-tribe of the Mandobo. Darius Nenop, right, is chief of the Mumanjar tribe. Both were interviewed by Albertus Vambrianto for Mongabay.

Last hunt 마지막 사냥

한국 기업의 투자가 파푸아 토착민에게 미친 영향에 대한 보고서

Right of Indigenous people 토착민의 권리

들어가며

어필에서는 2020년 2월, 인도네시아 파푸아 섬의 셀릴(Sellil) 마을을 방문하였습니다. 인천에서 자카르타까지 비행기로 6시간, 다시 자카르타에서 비행기로 9시간을 간 뒤, 다시 차를 타고 5시간, 폭풍 발이 꺼지는 늪지대를 1시간 넘게 걷고, 악어가 우글거리는 강을 배를 타고 1시간을 더 가서야 셀릴 마을에 도착할 수 있었습니다.

“무엇이든 필요한 것이 있으면 숲으로 갔어요.”

셀릴 마을에서 만난 마마 에디타는 예전에는 숲에서 몇 주씩 머무르며 주식인 사고(sago)도 수확하고, 사냥도 하고, 낚시도 하면서 지냈다고 이야기를 하였습니다. 하지만 팜유를 생산하기 위한 플랜테이션과 공장이 들어오게 되면서 숲은 사라졌고, 강도 더러워져서 더 이상 먹거리를 숲과 강에서 구할 수 없게 되었습니다.

하지만 마마 에디타와 마을 사람들에게 숲은 단순히 먹을 것을 구할 수 있는 곳으로, 기능적으로만 필요한 곳은 아니었습니다. 마을 사람들에게 숲은 조상들의 삶과 죽음을 기억하는 역사책이자 아이를 낳고 기르며 삶을 이어갈 수 있도록 하는 미래였습니다.

이들의 삶은 자연은 개발의 대상이라는 신화(myth)를 믿는 근대인들에게는 낯선 것입니다. 근대인들은 힘을 앞세워 숲과 땅을 파헤치고, 숲과 땅에 의존해 살아가는 사람들의 삶을 거침 없이 파괴해왔습니다. 특히 2008년 세계적인 식량, 금융위기로 촉발된 수출용 식량 및 바이오 연료 확보를 위한 투자 열풍으로 세계 곳곳의 토착민들(indigenous peoples)의 숲과 땅이 해외 자본에 의해 잠식되는 토지 강탈(land grabbing)이 확산되고 있습니다.

오랫동안 숲과 땅에 의존하여 살아온 토착민들이 살고 있는 파푸아 섬에도 2010년 이후 식량 및 바이오 연료 생산을 위한 투자가 시작되었고 한국기업들도 진출을 하였습니다. 그 결과 마마 에디타와 같은 토착민들의 숲과 땅은 팜유나 사탕수수, 산업용 목재 등을 만들기 위한 대규모 플랜테이션으로 바뀌었고, 그 과정에서 토착민들은 숲과 땅 그리고 역사와 미래를 빼앗겼습니다.

**■ 숲은 우리의 집이고, 땅은 우리의 어머니입니다.
제게 숲과 땅은 생명이고 영원입니다.**

마마 에디타와 마을 사람들의 삶은 조상들로부터 물려 받은 땅과 숲을 바탕으로 이어져 왔습니다. 하지만 투자자들은 마마 에디타와 같은 토착민들의 마지막 남은 땅을 사냥하고 있습니다. 후손들에게도 생명과 영원을 물려주기 위하여, 땅과 숲을 지키는 이들의 싸움에 이 보고서가 작은 보탬이 될 수 있기를 바랍니다.

조사팀을 배웅해주는 셀릴 마을 사람들 ©공익법센터 어필/박혜인

[Press Release] Unhealed Scars in Papua – POSCO International and Korean public financial providers' violation of OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises in operation of oil palm plantation in Papua, Indonesia



‘고의 방화 의혹’ 부인하는 코린도 그룹

신한슬 기자 | 호수 454 | 승인 2016.05.31 18:16



특집

[한국 기업이 인도네시아 열대우림 파괴하고 있다?](#)

[‘고의 방화 의혹’ 부인하는 코린도 그룹](#)

[코린도 그룹은 친환경 기업이 아니다](#)

팜농장 만든다고 무차별 벌목... "경유보다 온실가스 3배 더 내뿜는다"

입력 2018.03.18 18:38 | 수정 2018.03.19 09:53 | 지면 A4

‘신재생에너지=친환경’이라는 착각

바이오디젤이 친환경?

팜농장 개간 과정에서 산림 줄어들어 CO2 흡수 ↓
팜 재배때도 물 다량 사용

EU, 열대우림 파괴 이유로
2021년부터 팜오일 퇴출

한국은 바이오디젤 혼합률
2.5%→3.0%로 '역주행'
운전자 610억원 추가 부담

실시간 인기기사

- 1 [연예 마켓+] "하루에 수십억 손
- 2 [법알못] 남편이 자꾸 친자확인
- 3 홍석천도 결국 이태원 떠난다...
- 4 韓계임 빅3, 40조 대박...해리포터
- 5 [이슈+] '놀면뭐하니'에 이름 뵈

이 시각 관심정보 AD

- 동보군 없애는 "신물질" 발견으로
- 이번주 로또1등당첨자는 정해져
- 로또1등 수등으로 적고 1등당첨!!
- 로또 6자리 "1등당첨번호" 적고 1

“50년 개돼지 취급 못 참겠다”...파푸아 반정부 시위 격화

등록 :2019-09-01 20:42 수정 :2019-0



+ -

군 장교 등 인종차별 발언 도화선
2주째 시위 이어지며 독립 요구도

시위 학생 '반역죄' 체포·군경 증파
'유혈 분쟁' 격화될라 우려 고조돼



인도네시아 북수마트라 메단시에서 31일 열린 반정부 시위에서 파푸아 출신 학생들이 얼굴과 몸에 파푸아 분리주의자들이 독립의 상징으로 사용하는 '새벽별 기'를 그린 채 인종차별에 항의하는 한편, 파푸아의 독립을 촉구하고 있다. 메단/AP 연합뉴스

국제 많이 보는 기사

1. '블랙 팬서' 채드윅 보즈먼, 대장암 투병 끝 사망...향년 43세
2. 벨기에 제치고 '인구 대비 최다 사망' 페루, 못자리도 구하기 어려워
3. 미국이 남중국해에 경찰기 띄우자 중국 탄도미사일로 맞대응
4. 바이든 무난히 승리?...미 대선 예측 만만치 않다
5. 아베 "총리직 사임하겠다...차기 총리 임명때까지 임무 수행"

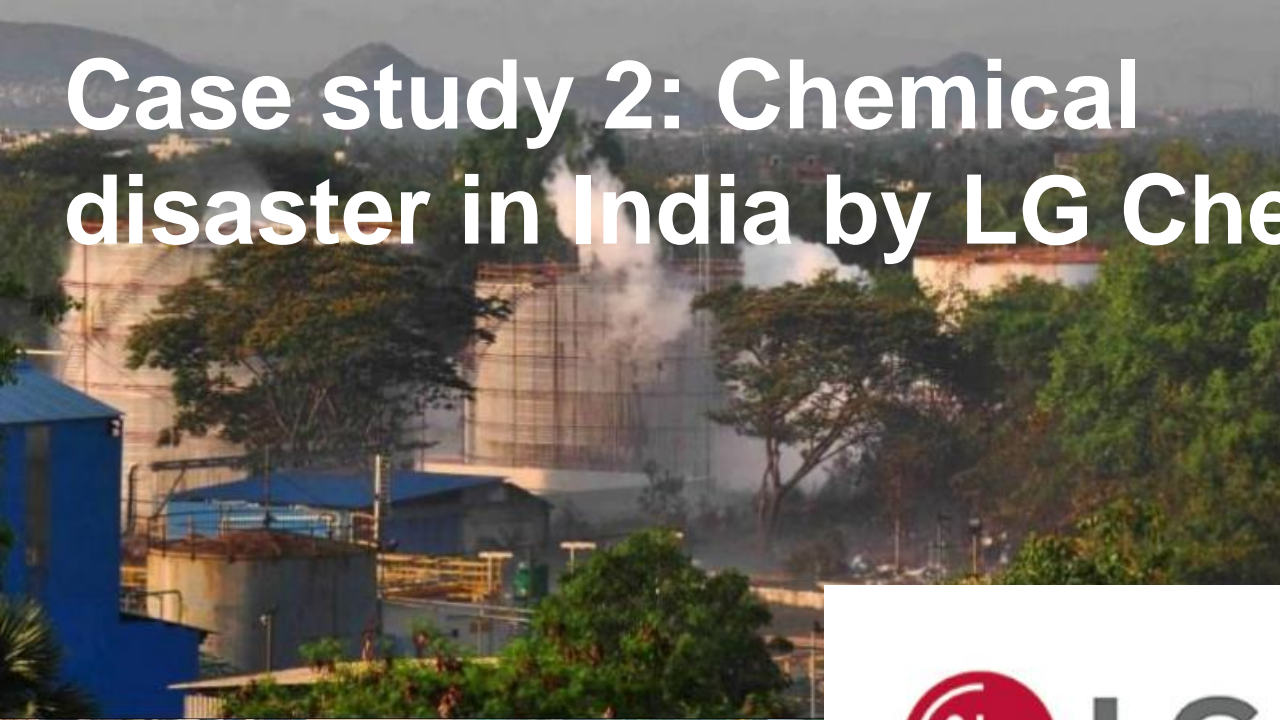
한겨레와 친구하기



✓ 좋아요 32만개

NativeLab : PORTFOLIO

Case study 2: Chemical disaster in India by LG Chem



[Fact check] Investigation into LG Chem gas leak in India reveals negligence and lack of safety protocols

Posted on : Aug.2,2020 12:43 KST Modified on : Aug.2,2020 12:43 KST



No veteran staff on site to deal with emergencies; employees didn't even sound alarm at time of accident



A tank of styrene gas at an LG Chem factory in Visakhapatnam, India; the right image showing at 3:15 am on May 7.
(Indian investigation report)

Editorial · opinion

[Editorial] All of S. Korea needs to unite to successfully fight o...



[Column] Most people are in the center facing the left



[Column] Is the Moon administration really | China?

[Column] Why was Korea divided after Wor instead of Japan?

[Editorial] Cooperation on inter-Korean relat

LG Chem
KRX: 051910

+ follow

769,000 KRW +27,000 (3.64%) ↑

September 3, 9:33 AM GMT+9 · Disclaimer

1 day 5 days 1 month **6 months** YTD 1 year 5 years maximum



cigar	756,000	Dividend yield	0.26%
Best	774,000	Previous day's closing price	742,000
lowest	756,000	52-week high	785,000
Market cap	54.36 trillion	52-week low	230,000

Case study 3: Overseas coal power plants investment in Vietnam, Phillipins, Indonesia by Kepco, Doosan, Samsung



PRESIDENT MOON,
is this Korea's idea of a

GREEN NEW DEAL?

Despite promising a Green New Deal, Korea is currently considering financing new dirty coal power projects in Vietnam (Vung Ang 2) and Indonesia (Jawa 9 and 10). The world is way past the point of being able to build any new fossil fuel projects.

President Moon, if you don't want to be considered a climate villain, Korea will end its involvement in new coal power stations.



www.nocoalkepco.com/en





장혜영 정의당 국회의원

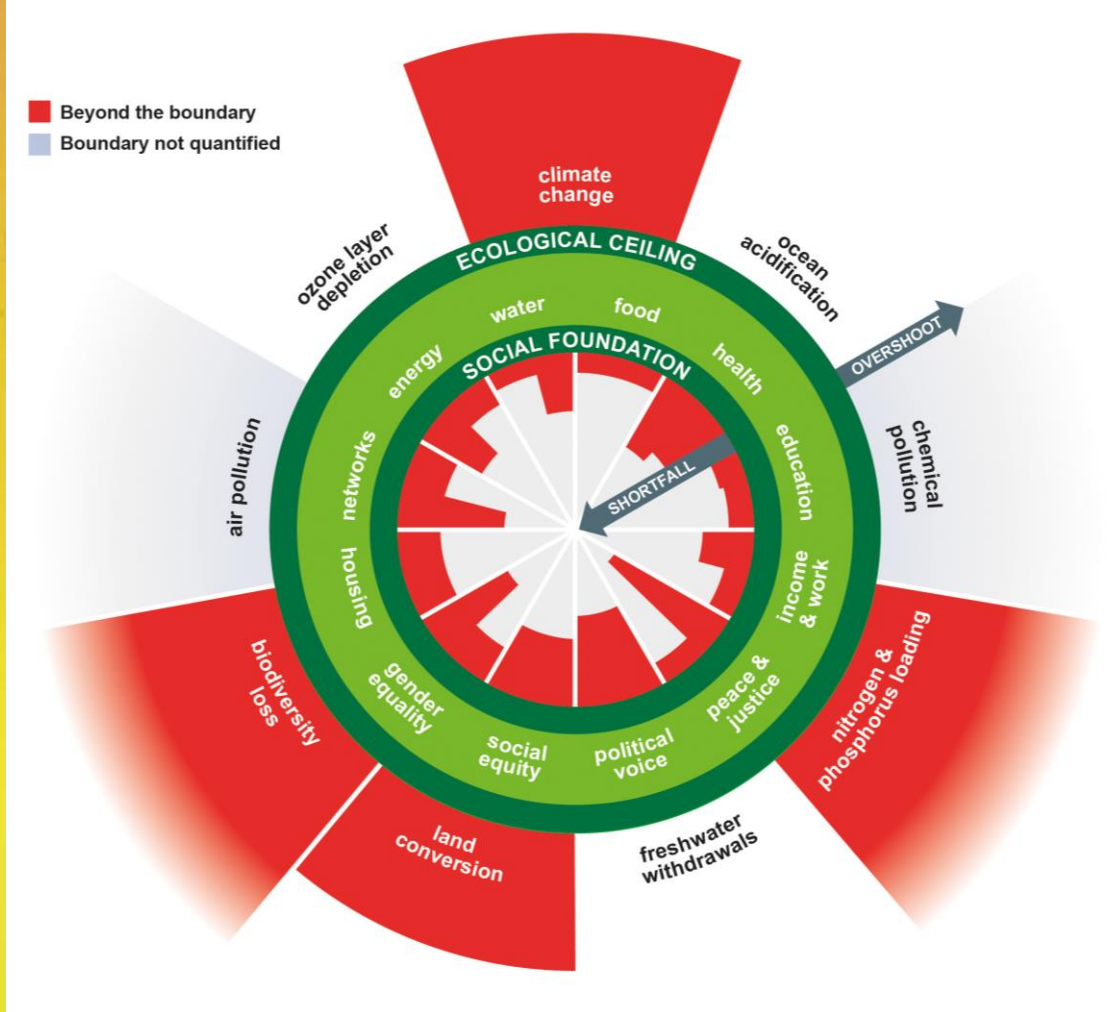
1. Due to economic and, sometimes, topographical limitations, most developing countries have no choice but to depend on affordable and easily obtainable energy resources such as coal. Therefore, even if ECG members decide to limit export credit support, chances are slim for the developing countries to shift from high carbon-emitting resources towards eco-friendly ones such as natural gas or other renewable energy.

2. Given the current situation that non-OECD members such as China and India take a large share of coal-fired power generation field, sudden limitation of the export credit support will necessarily lead the countries in need of support to turn their eyes to the finance and technologies of the non-OECD countries. In particular, as their power generation technologies are not as advanced enough as that of the OECD members, carbon emissions would, in turn, surge and unexpected negative impacts may be created.

1. 개발도상국은 값싼 에너지원에 의존할 수밖에 없기 때문에 **지원을 중단해도 석탄화력에서 천연가스·재생에너지로 이행하는데 한계**
2. 지원이 갑자기 중단되면 **중국 등의 저효율 석탄화력이 자리를 대체하면서 오히려 온실가스 저감에 부정적인 효과**

폐지를 반대한다는 내용의 문서를 제출하셨더라구요.
여전히 2015년과 같은 입장을 고수하고 계시다고 봐도 괜찮은 건가요?

III Future Plan, suggest Alternative and Blueprint



3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

Whole Plan

- 1) I will find the precedent research and do a literature review, building holistic theory*
- 2) Checking the movement regardless Environmental justice, Ecocide, Asia disaster by companies, and interview them,*
- 3) Make an open seminar "Ecocide Case study, and Theoretical approach to Development" , and constantely going on onec a two week.*
- 4) Publizing, Expected Climate crisis and GND movement to ecological justice.*
- ~~5) (If it can possible) visit these Korean company and protest—Samsung, Korindo, Sk, LG chemical, Kepco, etc.~~*

3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

Plan to Meet

1. [KFEM] Kim hyerin activist, Kim Chun yi(Faculty recommend) [환경운동연합국제연대] 김혜린, 김춘이 활동가
2. [Advocates for Public interste Law(APIIL] Jung shinyoung lawer [공익 법센터 어필] 정신영 변호사
3. [Solutions for Our Climate] Eunbyeol Jo, Oh dongjae researcher, Sejong Youn direction [기후솔루션] 조은별, 오동제 연구원, 윤세중 변호사
4. [PSPD peace team] [참여연대 국제연대 평화팀], 김영아 간사
5. [환경보건시민센터] 백도명, 최이영 교수
6. [국제민주연대]
7. [녹색당 국제연대]
8. [GESF] Kwak Eun-kyung, Secretary General [국제사회적경제포럼] 곽은경, 마틴 사무국장
9. [KOSIT] Lee Jong-oh [한국사회책임투자포럼] 이종오 사무국장
10. [피스모모]이대훈 교수
11. [AYARF]Mayumi Sato climate activist 마유미 사토 청년 기후위기 활동가
12. [AYARF] Gun Ro(Yellow light) 노건우(노랑불)
13. [AYARF, Zoom's Colleag] Indegious people activist from Indodesia Papua, majoring NGO, Mains in Sungonghoe University
14. [Youth 4 Climate Action]청소년기후행동
15. [Youth Climate Emergency Action]청년기후긴급행동
16. [환경사회학회]한재각, 김민정 교수
17. 그 외 이론 자문 김종철(서강대 정치외교학과 교수), 김상봉(전남대 철학과 교수), 홍기빈(칼폴라니연구소 소장), 김민정(환경사회학회 이사), 유철규(성공회대 교수, 금융학), 조효제(성공회대 교수, 개발학), 정건화(한신대 교수, 순환경제)



3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

Plan To Read

[Case1] Land Grabbing in Indonesia

1. The Consultant: Why did a palm oil conglomerate pay \$22m to an unnamed 'expert' in Papua? (2020.06.25)
2. [KFEM, APIL] Does Spring Come To Stolen Forests? (2019) 빼앗긴 숲에도 봄은 오는가
3. [Apil] Unhealed Scars In Papua 파푸아의 아물지 않은 상처
4. [Apil] Last hunt (2020.8.25)
5. The Green Lies

[Case2] Chemical accident in India

1. LG화학 환경법위원회 자료
2. 비카샤파트남 가스참사 시민 연대 보고서
3. [환경보건시민센터] 온라인 웨비나 기록
4. Case of Ecocide – Monsanto, Bopal

[Case3] Overseas coal power plants investment In Indonesia, Phillipin, Vietnam

1. 한전 내부 문서 및 공론장 기록

[Theory]

1. Green Criminal Theory – Treadmill of Productio
2. Karl Polanyi
3. Karl Marx, Ecology
4. Ecological Economy
5. Coperate Governance Theory – Essence of Finance and Company
6. Enviromental and Ecological Justice

[Future Sinario]

1. Green New Deal
2. Circular Economy
3. Social Solidarity Economy(SSE)
4. Civic capital
5. ESG, RI, Stewardship investment structure
6. Ecological sitizenship
7. Sustainable Development



3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

Book List



3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

Previous Activist Researcher Plan

When	What (expected result after Activist Research Days)	How (survey, case study, interview, collecting data etc.)	Why (purpose)	Who	Where
8.30(V)	Arrange context and methodology, do literature review and precedent research.	literature review, precedent research, collecting data	To make a ground of interview and seminar, To building theoretical framework.	Alone	Seoul innovation park
	Case study 1: Exploitation of land, labor, ecosystem in Indonesia by palm oil farm, Korindo, Posco international, Samsung	Case study ; Open seminar	Co-study, and knowing detail about each case	Who interest in these case, AYARF Fellows	Seoul innovation park
	Case study 2: Chemical disaster in India by LG Chem				
	Case study 3: Overseas coal power plants investment in Vietnam, Philippines, Indonesia by Kepco, Doosan, Samsung				
8.31(->9.5)	Interview and conversation: Interview on Asia ecocide case of Indonesia papua. Also wondering connection of green new deal, thinking holistic connection of climate crisis with ecocide.	Interview, Conversation	Checking the movement, so heard activist's narrative	Kim hyerin activist/ 김혜린 활동가 Kim Chun yi/김춘이 (Faculty recommend)	KFEM(Korean Federation For Environmental Movement) international solidarity/환경운동연합 국제연대
9.1(->9.6)	Interview and conversation: Route to solve these harming by public legal access. And	Interview, Conversation	Checking the movement, so heard activist's narrative	Jung shinyoung lawyer/정신영 변호사	Advocates for Public Interest Law(APIIL)/공익법센터 어필
9.2(->9.7)	Interview and conversation: Case of overseas coal power plant, transition of energy, Global green new deal	Interview, Conversation	Checking the movement, so heard activist's narrative	Eunbyeol Jo researcher/조은별 연구원, Sejong Youn director/윤세종 변호사	Solutions for Our Climate/ 기후솔루션

3. After Plan – Meet, Read, Write

Plan To Write

9.3 Open Proposal

- Presentation Aeroview
- Plan to Meet Read Write

Afrer Proposla

- Process Interview
- Research Cases and Theory

10.7 Draft Version Summited

- Finished 1)Theoretical approach(20p~30p)
- Finished 2)Cases Context Arrange(20~30p)
- Find context and proof of 3)Radical Future Senario

Afrer summite

- Developed output
- Concreate write
- Seek advice to Faculty and Experts

11.11 Final Provication

- Final
- Prepare Presentation
- Research Output(50-100p)

When	What (expected result after Activist Research Days)
9.3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Presentation Aeroview- Plan to Meet Read Write
Afrer Proposla	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Process Interview- Research Cases and Theory
10.7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Finished 1)Theoretical approach(20p~30p)- Finished 2)Cases Context Arrange(20~30p)- Find context and proof of 3)Radical Future Senario
Afrer summite	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Developed output- Concreate write- Seek advice to Faculty and Experts
11.11	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Prepare Presentation- Research Output(50-100p)

Yunseok
Jang

Thanks,
For Green Transition

