영어 영역(B형)

1. 다음을 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① No, I just moved in yesterday.
   ② Sure, I was very happy to win.
   ③ Yes, it was better than I expected.
   ④ Right, it will be released next week.
   ⑤ Yeah, it was great watching it with you.

2. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① I think I last had it with me in the taxi.
   ② It was very kind of you to carry the bag.
   ③ The Lost and Found is around the corner.
   ④ Our newest handbags are on the other side.
   ⑤ My cell phone and credit cards are in the bag.

3. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① Yes, I sent it by email a week ago.
   ② Sure, you may leave a message.
   ③ Well, I'd like a window seat, please.
   ④ No, I had a guided tour around the city.
   ⑤ Congratulations! I'm glad you got the position.

4. 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① 차량 점검의 중요성을 강조하기로
   ② 건물 내 에너지 절약을 권장하기로
   ③ 지하 주차장의 임시 폐쇄를 공지하기로
   ④ 건물 내부 안쪽의 변화를 알려주기로
   ⑤ 건물 외벽의 개선을 협업해하기로

5. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 의견으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① 상대방의 말을 중간에 끊어서는 안 된다.
   ② 문장에서 논리의 흐름을 충분히 전달할 수 없다.
   ③ 대화 중에는 상대방에게 주의를 기울여야 한다.
   ④ 다른 사람의 말에 익명이 철저히 맞지 않아.
   ⑤ 공공장소에서는 휴대전화 사용 예절을 지켜야 한다.

6. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① 블루베리 채취의 어려움
   ② 블루베리를 이용한 요리법
   ③ 블루베리 섭취의 다양한 이점
   ④ 블루베리를 원료로 한 음료
   ⑤ 블루베리의 효과에 대한 오해

7. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
   ① 알뜰한 온라인 쇼핑 요령
   ② 개인 정보 보호의 중요성
   ③ 충돌구매를 자제하는 방법
   ④ 온라인 결제 시 주의할 점
   ⑤ 인터넷을 통한 의류 구매의 단점

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.
   ① 화가 - 모범
   ② 영어배우 - 감독
   ③ 기차 - 운동선수
   ④ 음반 제작자 - 작곡가
   ⑤ 시장시 진행자 - 가수

9. 대화를 듣고, 그럼에서 대화의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

10. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

영어 영역 [B형]

II. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
① to send a schedule written in English
② to meet his students at the airport
③ to find a Chinese interpreter
④ to make a hotel reservation
⑤ to change the activity plan

III. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 기분이 좋지 않은 이유를 고르시오.
① 장학금을 받지 못해서
② 말하기 대회가 취소되어서
③ 전국 대회에 참가할 수 없어서
④ 말하기 대회에서 입상하지 못해서
⑤ 아버지가 대회를 보러오지 않아서

IV. 대화를 듣고, Rainbow Park에 관할 두 사람이 언급하지 않은 것을 고르시오.
① 아열대
② 잔디
③ 장미
④ 방문객 수
⑤ 가능한 활동

V. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 지불한 총 금액을 고르시오. [3점]
① $10 ② $20 ③ $30 ④ $40 ⑤ $50

VI. Seoul Game Expo 2013에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [3점]
① 10월 1일부터 5일 동안 열린다.
② 비디오게임 개발자들이 새로운 게임을 선보인다.
③ 25개 나라가 참가할 예정이다.
④ 일반인은 3일 동안 관람할 수 있다.
⑤ 초등학생은 입장료가 50퍼센트 할인된다.

VII. Scarce Swallowtail에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [3점]
① 유럽에서 가장 큰 나비 중 하나이다.
② 유럽 북부 국가에 주로 분포한다.
③ 남해에 매우 긴 겉은이가 있다.
④ 5월에서 9월까지 관찰할 수 있다.
⑤ 개체 수가 줄어들고 있다.

VIII. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

Man: __________
① Good idea. Let’s take a bus instead.
② No problem. I have an extra umbrella.
③ Don’t worry. I’ll never forget your birthday.
④ Wait a minute. We should get off at this stop.
⑤ We have no choice. I’m sure she’ll understand.

IX. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman: __________
① Sure. She’ll recognize you at once.
② Okay. I’ll text it to you right away.
③ Never mind. I’m sure she’ll like the gift.
④ Sorry. They say the address has changed.
⑤ Really? I want to visit her house this time.

X. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Ann이 Tom에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Ann: __________
① It was a fantastic concert.
② Let me buy the tickets this time.
③ Have you been to the concert yet?
④ Are you free tomorrow night instead?
⑤ It’s so sweet of you to reserve the tickets.

[21 ~ 22] 다음을 듣고, 물음에 답하시오.

XX. 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?
① to announce the ban on peanut-containing food in school
② to ask parents to check for their kids’ peanut allergy
③ to request the change of the school lunch menu
④ to emphasize the importance of a balanced diet
⑤ to explain the causes of a newly-found allergy

XXI. 학생이 보인 증상으로 언급되지 않은 것은?
① 구토
② 체온 상승
③ 호흡 증량
④ 빠른 반항
⑤ 얼굴 부어오름

이제 짐강·말하기 문제를 끝냈습니다. 23번부터는 문해에의 저시에 따라 답을 하시기 바랍니다.
23. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

If children were required to excel only in certain areas, they might be better able to cope with their parents’ expectations. Psychologist Michael Thompson says that we make unfair "genetic" demands on our teens: "It is the only period in your life when you’re expected to do all things well. Adults don’t hold themselves to those standards. We don’t interview the dentist about whether he can throw a basketball, or quiz our accountant on biology before we let her do our taxes. In elementary and high school we celebrate the generalist, but in the real world there is no room for the generalist except on a quiz show." We should not expect too much from our children.

① 자녀에게 다양한 경험을 통해 해주어야 한다.
② 자녀에게 직업 선택의 중요성을 알게 해주어야 한다.
③ 자녀의 생각이 부모와 다를 수 있음을 인정해야 한다.
④ 자녀가 여러 방면에서 빠이나기를 기대해서는 안 된다.
⑤ 지나친 조기교육은 자녀의 창의성 개발에 부담적이다.

24. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

We need to be careful when we use general terms to identify groups. In some cases, they make distinctions among the subgroups unclear. For example, people from both Guatemala and Mexico may be described as Latinos. However, their cultural backgrounds vary on several important dimensions, so we should not view them as being from a homogeneous group. Similarly, the term Asian American blurs variations among people whose heritage is, for example, Chinese, Korean, or Japanese. Whenever the subgroups have been identified, we will use the more specific terms. When we use the more general terms, remember that they may not apply to all subgroups within the group described by the more general terms.

*homogeneous: 동질의
① 포괄적인 용어는 하위 집단 간의 차이를 모호하게 할 수 있다.
② 문화 교류를 통하여 민족 간의 화합을 도모할 수 있다.
③ 흔들어 전통문화를 계승하고 발전시키며 나가야 한다.
④ 각 나라의 고유한 문화를 존중할 필요가 있다.
⑤ 국적을 이유로 사람을 차별해서는 안 된다.

25. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Sometimes we find a piece of writing hard to understand and we need to make the meaning clear, which is possible through simulation. A classic example is car insurance people. They read the reports of accidents and have to figure out who is legally responsible for the accidents. While nowadays they probably use computer simulation, at one time they would use toy cars and drawings of the roads. They would move the toy cars and note the damage that would occur according to the reports from the drivers making claims. In this case the simulation makes the written material more understandable by presenting it in a visual way. To study a text better, you can use simulation with any convenient objects.

① Complexity of Writing Process
② Limits of Simulation Technology
③ How to Expand Word Knowledge
④ Understanding Texts Through Simulation
⑤ Recording and Reporting Accidents

26. 밑줄 친 he[He]가 가리키는 대상이 되어지 낮과 다른 것은?

Dr. Vaigyanik is a rare scientist who wears baggy trousers and a dirty gown. But ① he is more scientific than you would imagine him to be. One day when it was raining cats and dogs, ② he wanted to pay a visit to one of his friends, Dr. Manchala. However, neither an umbrella nor a raincoat was available in the house. But Dr. Vaigyanik had an idea. ③ He took out some old clothes and sewed them in the form of a raincoat. When he wore it, he asked his servant to paint it with a brush. ④ He painted the raincoat just as one paints a door! Dr. Vaigyanik then stood for some time before a heater and went outside. You can just imagine what ⑤ he must have looked like in the street!
27. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

When talking in general about Roman women, things break down by time periods and by classes. Whether a woman was a slave or \( \text{①} \) came from a wealthier class made a great deal of difference. It also made a difference \( \text{②} \) which period you’re talking about. Rome’s conquests meant \( \text{③} \) that men were often away for long periods of time and might not come back at all. Women were \( \text{④} \) left in charge of making sure that things got done. After the conquests, the enormous wealth \( \text{⑤} \) bringing back to Italy allowed middle- and upper-class women to run things with more independence and power.

28. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낯설은 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

Getting an "F" means only that you failed a test—not that you failed your life. From now on, imagine that the letter "F" when used as a grade \( \text{①} \) represents the word: feedback. An "F" is an indication that you didn’t understand the material well enough. It’s a message that you should do something \( \text{②} \) differently before the next test. If you think of "F" as feedback, you can change your thinking and behavior in ways that \( \text{③} \) prevent your success. You can choose a new learning strategy. Getting meaningful feedback on your performance is a powerful strategy for learning anything. Tests are not the only \( \text{④} \) source of feedback. Make a habit of asking for feedback from your teachers, friends, and anyone else who knows you. Just determine what you want to \( \text{⑤} \) improve and ask, "How am I doing?"

29. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The graph above shows the predicted numbers of hurricanes and the actual numbers of hurricanes from 2002 to 2007. \( \text{①} \) For the first two years, the predicted number of hurricanes was higher than the actual number of hurricanes. \( \text{②} \) In 2004 and 2005, however, the actual number of hurricanes exceeded the predicted number of hurricanes. \( \text{③} \) And in 2006 and 2007, it was reversed again: The predicted number of hurricanes was more than the actual number of hurricanes. \( \text{④} \) The year when the fewest hurricanes were predicted to occur saw the highest number of hurricanes. \( \text{⑤} \) Meanwhile, the year when the most hurricanes were predicted to occur had the lowest number of hurricanes.

30. traveler’s palm에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

The traveler’s palm is a species of plant native to the island of Madagascar which is off the coast of east Africa in the Indian Ocean. It has been given the name "traveler’s palm" because its long stems with green leaves on the top of them extend out from the trunk like a giant hand fan. Young traveler’s palms have an underground trunk which, in the adult plant, emerges above ground. A mature traveler’s palm blooms year round and produces brown fruits that contain light blue seeds. The traveler’s palm tolerates sandy soils with stores of water in many parts of the plant including the leaf. It thrives and grows best in full sun, so it requires a lot of light, especially when grown indoors.

\( \text{①} \) 마다가스카르 섬이 원산지인 식물이다.
\( \text{②} \) 녹색 잎이 달린 긴 줄기들이 무채 모양으로 뻗어 있다.
\( \text{③} \) 잎은 광대한 색갗이 들어 있는 감색 잎매를 둔다.
\( \text{④} \) 잎을 포함한 여러 부분에 물을 저장한다.
\( \text{⑤} \) 빗방울 많은 곳보다는 그늘진 곳에서 더 잘 자란다.
31. No one else can experience the way your heart feels about things. No one can see through the lens you use to see life quite the same as you do. Accept this _______. Honor and praise it, too. Do not be quick to compromise it. In your desire to fit in or make others happy, you may be tempted to pretend to be someone you are not. You may even pretend to believe things you don’t really believe, or act in ways that are out of character with who you really are. When you do this, you lose out on the real you. The world loses out on you, too. Strive to be a healthy, happy and enlightened person—and then, taking your place alongside your fellow travelers, offer your self to the waiting world.
   ① similarity
   ② endurance
   ③ generosity
   ④ individuality
   ⑤ compliment

32. Many of the biggest stars in sports are tough to deal with and rarely does an agent develop a connection with them during the first encounter. The most important lesson I learned as a sports agent is that it isn’t just about signing a million-dollar contract. When I am working with a client, there are hundreds of little things that take place during the weeks before we are ready to sit down and negotiate. Small stuff plays a big part in how satisfied and comfortable my clients are with me and my services. I often express interest in their recent vacation or how their children are doing in school. Paying attention to ________ is a huge sign of respect to today’s top athletes.
   ① details
   ② deals
   ③ results
   ④ rewards
   ⑤ schedules

33. One response that happens after a diagnosis of memory loss is the tendency to _________ when things do not go well. Here is a good example: Jane, a woman in her mid-sixties, recently got a call from her son, who asked her to get a bus pass for an upcoming doctor’s visit. A couple of days later, the son called and asked Jane if she had gotten the bus pass. She said, with some guilt, “Oh no, I’m sorry I forgot all about that.” Her son’s response was, “Well, Mom, I asked you to do that just two days ago.” Jane ended the conversation feeling upset at herself and telling herself she “shouldn’t” have forgotten what her son had asked. But her forgetfulness was not her fault. She could not control the memory loss.
   ① avoid physical activity
   ② escape from reality
   ③ suspect others
   ④ blame yourself
   ⑤ ask for help

34. Cell phones seem to have achieved the status of _________ of all the electronic consumer products. The average person in America and Britain throws away his or her cell phone within eighteen months of purchase, even though cell phones will last for ten years on average. Every year more than 130 million still-working cell phones in the United States and 15 million in Britain are retired. Only a small fraction of them are reassembled for reuse or exported to foreign countries. This trend isn’t limited to both countries. Many other advanced countries have also seen new types of cell phones replacing old ones almost annually.
   ① being the least expensive
   ② insuring the longest warranty
   ③ having the shortest life cycle
   ④ becoming the most traditional
   ⑤ getting the worst quality reputation
35. **Back in the 19th century, trains weren’t so easy to stop.** Engineers didn’t just step on the brakes—in fact, “brakemen” manually adjusted the speed with brake wheels on the roof of the cars. Working on top of a moving train took concentration: Cars rocked violently, the wind roared past, and brakemen had to jump from car to car at top speeds. Often they were so intensely focused that they forgot to watch for upcoming tunnels or bridges. You can imagine what happened when a brakeman didn’t duck. That’s where “telltale”—a series of ropes hung over the tracks—came in. Hung from about 100 feet from tunnels and low-hanging bridges, the ropes would brush across the heads of brakemen to __________. [3점]

1. alert them of upcoming danger
2. suggest they speed up the train
3. tell them to consider passengers’ safety first
4. invite them to show their skills to the public
5. warn them to stop the train at the right time

36. In Roy H. William’s book *Free the Beagle*, he asks readers to imagine that their left brain is a lawyer and their right brain is the lawyer’s pet beagle. The beagle runs over and drops something at the feet of the lawyer. The lawyer says, “I don’t have time to play right now. I’m trying to concentrate.” But the beagle was bringing the lawyer a clue to help him with his work, but the beagle cannot speak and explain his gift. Unfortunately, the lawyer doesn’t realize the significance of the beagle’s gift. He thinks that his intellect is enough to solve the problem and ignores the beagle’s assistance. The left brain thinks like the lawyer. The left brain has an ego. Don’t ever let anyone convince you that ________—though, because if that is true, half of your brain exists for no reason at all. [3점]

* beagle: 비글(사냥개의 일종)

1. the left brain alone is enough
2. free gifts are not always good
3. the right brain gives you useful clues
4. you are more right-brained than left-brained
5. the right brain is suitable for solving problems

37. 다음 글의 번갈 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

In nearly every culture, proverbs—communicated in colorful and vivid language—offer an important set of values for members to follow. Because all people, regardless of their culture, share common experience, many of the same proverbs appear throughout the world. (A) __________, in nearly every culture some degree of thrift and hard work is emphasized. Hence, in Germany, the proverb states, “One who does not honor the penny is not worthy of the dollar.” In the United States, people are told, “A penny saved is a penny earned.” (B) __________ in Japan and China, where silence is valued, you find the Japanese proverb that states, “The quacking duck is the first to get shot,” and the Chinese proverb “Loud thunder brings little rain.”

(A) __________ Therefore
(B) __________ Otherwise
(C) __________ Similarly
(D) __________ Therefore

38. 주어진 문장 다음에 어떤 말이 순서로 가장 적절한 것인가? [3점]

One interesting way to start conversations in your social networking site is to post something controversial.

(A) This is nothing personal against you or your content: it is human nature. What you can do in this situation is, offline, ask close friends or colleagues to be the first to make a comment.
(B) People will respond more often to controversial topics than to noncontroversial ones. Keep in mind, though, that often people don’t want to be the first person to answer a question or to comment on a controversial post.
(C) Then you can respond to the comments, and visitors to your social networking site will see that you indeed are there and are responding to the comments.

* controversial: 논란의 여지가 있는

1. (A) – (C) – (B)
2. (B) – (A) – (C)
3. (B) – (C) – (A)
4. (C) – (A) – (B)
5. (C) – (B) – (A)
Their concern is valid, but a study shows there’s a good news to the graying of our nation.

It is predicted that there will be more people over 60 than under 15 in 20 years. (①) It will mean an aging society with an increasing number of old people and fewer youngsters. (②) In reality, some youngsters worry about caring for old people while also keeping the country’s productivity going. (③) Over the years, the older subjects proved to have fewer negative emotions and more positive ones compared with their younger days. (④) It means as people age, they’re more emotionally balanced and better able to solve highly emotional problems. (⑤) After all, that may lead to a more stable world as well.

Many people think the success of dieting depends mostly on determination, persistence and self-discipline. While this mental power matters, a new research has found that a much more subtle aspect of the diets themselves can also have a big influence on the pounds lost. Researchers compared the dieting behavior of women following two very different diet plans. They found that the more complicated people thought their diet plan was, the sooner they were likely to drop it. In other words, for people who go on a more complex diet that involves keeping track of quantities and items eaten, their subjective impression of the difficulty of the diet can lead them to give up on it.

To succeed in diet, (A) ___ of process for carrying it out is more important than (B) ___.

(A) ① simplicity ② necessity ③ popularity ④ consistency ⑤ memorability

(B) ① necessity ② willpower ③ necessity ④ willpower ⑤ expense

What a delicious feeling it must be to get up in the morning with “nothing to do!” To most of us it is a treat that comes very few times after childhood—just a day or two in the year. There is no need to go off on a long tour, to climb mountains, and to sail on rivers. We are able to sleep as long as we like in the morning, to dress as leisurely as we please and then to go down quietly through the day, having absolutely nothing to do but to please ourselves. It is the very extreme of pleasure to lie down beneath an old oak tree upon a breezy hill, and hear the wind rustling among the leaves.

Moreover, the idle days are not _______. We have time to think of other people when the general strain is relaxed. We grow pitiful towards our hard-worked brothers and sisters, and think how happy it would make us to see them all with nothing to do for a few days. Of course, many of them would soon get tired of it: but surely it would be helpful to make them feel glad to start their work again, about which they have complained three hundred days of every year. Let as many of us as possible take this great pleasure of nothing to do for a day or two at least. We shall go back to our work happily after it.

40. 다음 급의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 번갈 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Many people think the success of dieting depends mostly on determination, persistence and self-discipline. While this mental power matters, a new research has found that a much more subtle aspect of the diets themselves can also have a big influence on the pounds lost. Researchers compared the dieting behavior of women following two very different diet plans. They found that the more complicated people thought their diet plan was, the sooner they were likely to drop it. In other words, for people who go on a more complex diet that involves keeping track of quantities and items eaten, their subjective impression of the difficulty of the diet can lead them to give up on it.

To succeed in diet, (A) ___ of process for carrying it out is more important than (B) ___.

(A) ① simplicity ② necessity ③ popularity ④ consistency ⑤ memorability

(B) ① necessity ② willpower ③ necessity ④ willpower ⑤ expense

41. 위 급의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

① The Pain of Going Back to Work
② The Joy of Being Completely Free
③ Reasons to Enjoy Life While You Can
④ The Need to Prepare for a Rainy Day
⑤ The Meaning of Work in Modern Times

42. 위 급의 번갈에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

(A) useless
① available
② necessary
③ uncommon
④ memorable
영어 영역(B형)

[43 45] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A)  
When I was seven, I was admitted to the hospital for asthma. The treatment involved swallowing pills. My parents both worked, and were unable to stay with me at night or take time off to sit with me during the day. I was alone and terrified and I remember crying myself to sleep.

(B)  
She soon left and I never saw her again. I was too young to remember to ask (a) her name and many years later, when I told the story to my father, he had no idea who I was referring to. That stranger’s brief visit shines as the only bright spot in a memory that was the most terrifying and lonely experience of my childhood. How I wish I could tell (b) her that even twenty-six years later, her kindness has never been forgotten.

(C)  
The worst part of the day was when the nurses brought my pills. I would turn my head and resist taking them. I ended up sobbing and couldn’t get the pills down. On the second day of my stay, a stranger entered the room quietly. (c) She brought me a coloring book and some markers, and told me she was a client at my father’s animal clinic. She worked in the hospital where I was, so she dropped in to say hello.

(D)  
She wasn’t there only for a minute when my pills were brought to me. I started to sob. She introduced herself to the nurse and offered to sit with me while I took them. The nurse was obviously relieved when (d) she left us to it. The woman explained in great detail, but with no hurry, about how one should go about swallowing a pill. (e) She waited for what must have been more than half an hour. Finally I gathered up the courage to take that pill and swallowed it.

43. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?
① (B) – (C) – (D)  ② (C) – (B) – (D)  ③ (C) – (D) – (B)  ④ (D) – (B) – (C)  ⑤ (D) – (C) – (B)

44. 밑줄 힌 (a)–(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 힌과 다른 것은?
① (a)  ② (b)  ③ (c)  ④ (d)  ⑤ (e)

※ 확인 사항  
- 담안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기)할지 확인하시오.