

제 3 교시

영어 영역 (B형)

1

1번부터 22번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 1번부터 20번까지는 한 번만 들려주고, 21번과 22번은 두 번 들려줍니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기를 바랍니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① No wonder you're so tired.
- ② I hope you'll have a nice car.
- ③ How did you do on your exam?
- ④ Are you looking for a part-time job?
- ⑤ Don't expect too much from your friends.

2. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① He must be a scientist.
- ② Then I should find him first.
- ③ Who is in charge of the gym?
- ④ Did you forget to buy a wallet?
- ⑤ Search for the car key in your pocket.

3. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① I'm going to order the name tags next week.
- ② I know. I'll double check them after printing.
- ③ Sorry, I can't attend the conference this weekend.
- ④ You haven't given them the printer yet, have you?
- ⑤ Congratulations! The conference was a big success.

4. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 사과 판매를 홍보하려고
- ② 자원 봉사 회원을 모집하려고
- ③ 허리케인 피해 지역을 발표하려고
- ④ 성금 전달 방법에 대해 안내하려고
- ⑤ 무료 농장 체험자 명단을 공지하려고

5. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 주장으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

[3점]

- ① 강에서 수영을 금지해야 한다.
- ② 일회용품 사용을 자제해야 한다.
- ③ 산에서 쓰레기를 버리지 말아야 한다.
- ④ 자연 보호를 위해 입산을 통제해야 한다.
- ⑤ 강에서 자원 봉사 활동을 꾸준히 해야 한다.

6. 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 패스트푸드의 문제점
- ② 영양 성분 표시의 필요성
- ③ 요리사 역할의 중요성
- ④ 비타민 과다 섭취의 부작용
- ⑤ 염분 섭취를 줄이는 요령

7. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 비밀번호 관리의 방법
- ② 효과적인 암호 해독 기술
- ③ 다양한 컴퓨터 해킹의 유형
- ④ 보안 프로그램 설치의 필요성
- ⑤ 컴퓨터 성능을 향상시키는 방법

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

- ① 사진관
- ② 바닷가
- ③ 놀이공원
- ④ 산꼭대기
- ⑤ 휴대폰 가게

9. 대화를 듣고, 그림에서 대화의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.



10. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 경기 결과 기록하기 ② 병원 데려다 주기
- ③ 배구 시험 심판 보기 ④ 부모님께 연락하기
- ⑤ 장애물 설치 도와주기

11. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 모델로 참여하기 ② 패션쇼 기획하기
- ③ 연극 공연 준비하기 ④ 무대 조명 담당하기
- ⑤ 딸에게 모델 부탁하기

12. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 기념 행사에 참석하지 못하는 이유를 고르시오.

- ① 병문안을 가야 하기 때문에
- ② 회의에 참석해야 하기 때문에
- ③ 시험 문제를 출제해야 하기 때문에
- ④ 동료 교사의 수업을 대신해야 하기 때문에
- ⑤ 교감 선생님의 일을 도와드려야 하기 때문에

13. 대화를 듣고, Kevin Johnson에 대해 두 사람이 언급하지 않은 것을 고르시오.

- ① 최근 출연 영화 ② 의사를 그만 둔 이유
- ③ 맡았던 배역 ④ 수상 경력
- ⑤ 뮤지컬 출연 경험

14. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 지불할 총 금액을 고르시오. [3점]

- ① \$40 ② \$68 ③ \$72 ④ \$80 ⑤ \$120


15. Science Day Event에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 강연은 5시에 시작한다.
- ② 강연 주제는 요리 속의 과학이다.
- ③ 강연 후에 파티가 있다.
- ④ 파티 장소는 루비 홀이다.
- ⑤ 파티 참가비는 없다.

16. ZENITH에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [3점]

- ① 사진 앨범 제작 웹 사이트이다.
- ② 고객이 직접 사진 앨범을 만들 수 있다.
- ③ 전문 디자이너들이 사진 앨범을 제작해 줄 수도 있다.
- ④ 작은 사이즈 앨범의 가격은 \$15부터 시작된다.
- ⑤ 인쇄 작업은 총 3일이 소요된다.

17. 다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 여자가 구입할 휴대폰을 고르시오.



Top Five Smartphone Products

	Model	Screen Size	Pixel	Price
①	S5	4 inches	10 Mega	\$210
②	P4	4.3 inches	6 Mega	\$170
③	J4	4.8 inches	8 Mega	\$180
④	Y3	5 inches	13 Mega	\$220
⑤	C3	5.2 inches	6 Mega	\$170

18. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- Man : _____
- ① Sure. I'll ask him today.
 - ② Not at all. He is very kind.
 - ③ Never mind. It often happens.
 - ④ I'm afraid I can't pay by check.
 - ⑤ High quality coffee is expensive.

19. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- Woman : _____
- ① I'm sorry. I can't cancel my trip.
 - ② That's what I want to teach my children.
 - ③ My trip will be a success with your help.
 - ④ Next time, you should take good care of my dog.
 - ⑤ Keeping a dog requires more money than you think.

20. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, James가 Clara에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

James : Clara, _____

- ① you look tired. Let me drive.
- ② could you turn the radio down?
- ③ shall we go to the rock concert?
- ④ would you turn your cell phone off?
- ⑤ be more careful when driving, please.

[21~22] 다음을 듣고, 물음에 답하십시오.

21. 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① to promote a new wine shop
- ② to hire a wine expert at a restaurant
- ③ to recommend the most delicious wine
- ④ to explain how to enjoy dinner with wine
- ⑤ to advertise a wine professional training course

22. sommelier가 하는 일로 언급되지 않은 것은? [3점]

- ① 와인 저장에 대한 책임
- ② 와인 생산 연도에 대한 정보 제공
- ③ 음식과 어울리는 와인 추천
- ④ 와인 시음 및 평가 결과서 작성
- ⑤ 와인의 합리적인 가격 심사

이제 듣기·말하기 문제가 끝났습니다. 23번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

23. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

Mike Michalowicz, the author of *The Pumpkin Plan*, argues that comedians are the ultimate public speakers. For example, comedians have to hold an audience's attention for an hour or more, they don't get a break during their presentation, and they can't rely on the audience for a Q&A. They are also expected to make the audience laugh constantly. And they don't even get to use presentation software programs, because they want the audience looking at them, not trying to read a screen. These facts don't mean you need to be a comedian on stage to perform well. You aren't even required to tell jokes. To enhance your own presentations, however, start to observe the techniques comedians use, and employ them in your own speech.

- ① 말을 할 때는 요점을 정확히 전달하라.
- ② 코미디언들의 테크닉을 발표에 활용하라.
- ③ 청중과 관련이 있는 소재를 활용해 강연하라.
- ④ 청중의 눈높이에 맞춰 유머 감각을 발휘하라.
- ⑤ 뛰어난 코미디언이 되려면 유머 감각을 키워라.

24. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Ironically, it's usually when we try to do everything right that we wind up doing something wrong. That's because the more balls you try to juggle, the more likely you are to drop one. You hope many extracurricular activities will get you into your first choice college, so you spend hours working out with the football club, run for student government, and volunteer for hours on free afternoons. Meanwhile, you make time to try to keep your grades up. With that kind of pressure, you can misread an assignment, double book your schedule, or otherwise let people down—but it's not your parents' fault or your friends'. They aren't expecting too much of you by asking for one spot in your hectic schedule. It's up to you to recognize your limits, not sign up for too many extracurricular activities, and admit when you've dropped the ball.

- ① 대학의 과외 활동이 이전보다 다양해졌다.
- ② 전공과 관련된 과외 활동을 할 필요가 있다.
- ③ 더 높은 학점을 받기 위해 수업에 집중해야 한다.
- ④ 자신의 능력 범위 내에서 과외 활동을 설계해야 한다.
- ⑤ 동아리 활동이 대학 생활의 즐거움을 더해 줄 수 있다.

25. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Surfing is often thought of as a male sport, but in fact women have been surfing in California since the early 1920s and today there are women surfers in every surfing country in the world. Like men, they range from amateurs to professionals. Though women may not have been taken seriously in surf contests, these days they compete because they have truly earned that right. One of the earliest women surfers was Mary Hawkins, who showed very graceful form in the surf. She was the first in a long line which stretched down in the 1960s, to Marge Calhoun and her daughters, and Linda Benson, followed by some of the top professional surfers today.

- ① How to Enjoy Surfing
- ② Surfing: Only for Men?
- ③ Why Men Can't Stop Surfing?
- ④ Why Do Women Need Surfing?
- ⑤ Ways to Be a Professional Surfer

26. 밑줄 친 he[his]가 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

Octavius went to Albania to complete his academic and military training. While there, ① he learned of the assassination of Julius Caesar. Octavius returned to Rome and found that Caesar's will would make him Caesar's adopted son and heir to ② his political and personal fortune. He was advised not to accept Caesar's request because ③ he was only 18 and unprepared to deal with the hazards of Roman power politics. Nevertheless, ④ he did accept. Caesar's will called for games for the entertainment of the public. Such things required funds. Octavius borrowed funds and ⑤ his efforts to comply with Caesar's will got considerable support among the troops of Caesar and the public.

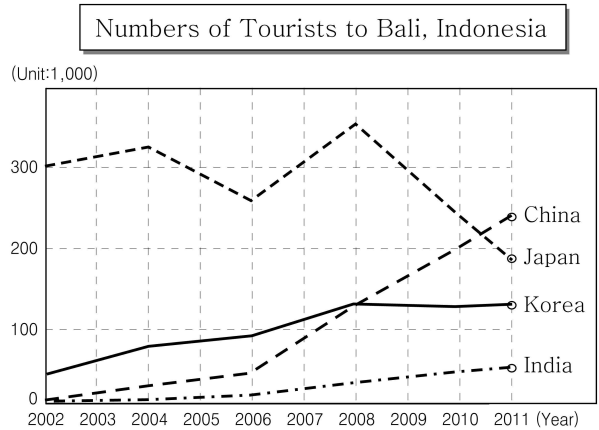
27. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

How you address your professors depends on many factors such as age, college culture, and their own preference. Some teachers will ask you ① to call them by their first names, especially if they're relatively young. They enjoy the informal atmosphere ② generated by having everyone in the class on the same level. Some colleges, in fact, pride themselves on having all their faculty and students on a first-name basis. But beware: one of the surest ways to upset professors ③ is to call them by their first names against their wishes. Most professors see themselves in a position of professional authority over their students ④ whom they earned by many years of study. They no more want to be called John or Maria than ⑤ does your average physician.

28. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

Teeth are covered in enamel, the hardest substance found in the body. It is, however, ① weak against acids. Acids from food can attack the enamel. These are found not only in sweet foods like ice cream and candy, but also in healthy vegetable and fruit juices. Particularly dangerous, however, are ② sticky foods that cling to the teeth. These ③ encourage the formation of plaque, which is a mixture of the remains of food and bacteria. These bacteria turn simple carbohydrates, such as those in sugar, white flour, or potatoes, into acid that ④ damages the tooth enamel. The more frequently these bacteria get new resources, the ⑤ less acid they produce. In other words, it is more harmful to your teeth to repeatedly drink lemonade than it is to eat several chocolate bars at one sitting.

29. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?



The graph above shows changes in the numbers of tourists to Bali, Indonesia from four countries—China, Japan, Korea, and India—from 2002 to 2011. ① The number of Japanese tourists was at its peak in 2008, and decreased sharply from 2008 to 2011. ② On the other hand, the number of Chinese tourists drastically increased between 2006 and 2011. ③ The number of the Indian tourists continuously increased from 2006 to 2011. ④ In 2008, there were less than twice as many tourists from Japan as there were from Korea. ⑤ From 2002 to 2008, the number of Korean tourists was on the rise, but the number has remained almost unchanged since 2008.

30. phyllium giganteum에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Phyllium giganteum, which is called the “walking leaf,” disguises itself so that enemies often aren't able to distinguish this insect from real leaves. It can get up to 5 inches long and 3 inches wide. The males have rear wings extending to the end of the abdomen. The females don't have rear wings, and their front wings are narrower and shorter than the abdomen. They lay between 100 and 300 eggs which have very thick shells. They eat plants like oak, eucalyptus, raspberry, and rose. They live mainly in tropical areas of Asia. Since they have a very limited mobility, they only move the necessary distances to eat, remaining stable in very small areas and passing their lives almost motionless most of the time.

* abdomen: (곤충의) 복부

- ① 자신을 나뭇잎처럼 보이게 하여 적들을 속인다.
- ② 길이가 5인치, 너비가 3인치까지 자랄 수 있다.
- ③ 암컷은 뒷날개가 수컷보다 좁고 짧다.
- ④ 껍질이 두꺼운 알을 100개에서 300개 정도 낳는다.
- ⑤ 매우 좁은 영역 내에서 거의 움직이지 않고 살아간다.

[31~36] 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

31. It's not a real vacation if you're reading email or calling in for messages. When Jai and I went on our honeymoon, we wanted to be left alone. My boss, however, felt I needed to provide a way for people to contact me. So, I came up with the perfect phone message: "Hi, this is Randy. My wife and I are going away for a month. I hope you don't have a problem with that, but my boss does." I then gave the names of Jai's parents and their address. "If you look them up in the phone book, you can get their number. And then, if you can convince my new in-laws that your emergency merits interrupting their only daughter's honeymoon, they have our number." We didn't get any _____.

- ① gifts ② calls ③ relatives
- ④ contracts ⑤ promotions

32. Walter Debner ran an old-style grocery store in Minnesota, and he was looking for a way to give his business a boost. He once remarked that people who came into the shop without a bag took a lot less food than those who came with their bags. Why? Because they simply couldn't carry the groceries. So he set about devising a way to help them purchase more at one time. It took him four years to develop the right solution: a package which was inexpensive, easy to use, and strong enough to hold a lot of groceries. The package consisted of a paper bag with cord running through it for strength and increased customers' _____. He patented his product and sold over a million shopping bags a year.

- ① profit margins ② financial benefit
- ③ carrying capacity ④ physical strength
- ⑤ constant complaints

33. Educating consumers is important because people can have great power over how goods are made and sold, depending on what they choose to buy. This power is sometimes shown through campaigns and boycotts, when people refuse to buy certain food products. For instance, thousands of dolphins used to be killed in tuna fishing nets, but _____ helped to change this practice. Tuna that was caught without harming dolphins was labeled "dolphin friendly" so consumers wouldn't buy other tuna products. This forced many companies to change their method of fishing. As a result, dolphin deaths decreased by over 80 percent between 1990 and 2000.

- ① food shortages ② ocean temperature
- ③ animal instincts ④ consumer pressure
- ⑤ modern technology

34. When I was a child, I loved to go for car rides with my father. During such rides, I was always full of questions: What does this button do? Can I press this one? I vividly remember turning on the light inside the car, making our vehicle a motorized firefly, and flying down the night's path. In one such instance, my father told me, "Don't turn on the light! It makes the car a fishbowl; everyone can see inside." It seems as though the average person has these same reservations about being revealed or exposed—emotionally, physically, or both. Most people have a certain wish to _____, which perhaps explains my father's resistance to having the car's inside light on while driving at night. [3점]

- ① save energy
- ② draw attention
- ③ maintain privacy
- ④ have headlights on
- ⑤ communicate with others

35. When the going gets tough, tough people _____.

New research from Brigham Young University shows that dads are in a unique position to help their children develop persistence. According to the study, when children felt warmth and love from their father, were told the reasons behind rules, and were granted an appropriate level of autonomy, they were able to set a foundation to flourish and cope with the stress and pressures of life. Over time, kids with fathers involved in their lives were more likely to become persistent, which led to higher engagement in school and lower rates of delinquency. After following 325 families over several years, two professors, Laura Walker and Randal Day, concluded that dads play a big role in helping their kids set goals and complete them. [3점]

* delinquency: 비행, 범죄

- ① ought to thank their fathers
- ② should learn from their mistakes
- ③ don't get along with their fathers
- ④ can't persist with their own viewpoint
- ⑤ are likely to be involved in wrongdoings

36. Originally, a Dutch auction referred to a type of auction that starts with a high price that keeps going down until the item sells. This is the opposite process from regular auctions, where an item starts at a minimum price and bidders wrestle over it by increasing their offers. In a Dutch auction, however, the auctioneer offers the item at a certain price and waits for somebody to agree. If nobody does, then he _____. This continues until a participant says "yes" and thus wins the item. There are no battles over items in a Dutch auction: the first person to accept the offered price wins the item, resulting in saving a lot of time.

* bidder: 입찰자

- ① donates the item to charity
- ② suggests a temporary recess
- ③ lowers the price and asks again
- ④ shows another item to participants
- ⑤ extends the deadline to the next day

37. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

A paradigm is the way you see something, your point of view, or belief. Our paradigms are often way off the mark, and they create limitations. Paradigms are like glasses. When you have incomplete paradigms about yourself or life in general, it's like wearing glasses with the wrong prescription. That lens affects how you see everything else. _____ (A) _____, what you see is what you get. If you believe you're dumb, that very belief will make you dumb. If you believe your sister is dumb, you'll look for evidence to support your belief, find it, and she'll remain dumb in your eyes. _____ (B) _____, if you believe you're smart, that belief will cast a rosy hue on everything you do.

- | (A) | (B) |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| ① In other words | On the other hand |
| ② Nevertheless | For instance |
| ③ In contrast | Likewise |
| ④ That is | For example |
| ⑤ However | As a result |

38. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

[3점]

On entering the house, I examined the framework of the hall window with my lens. I could at once see that someone had gone through it.

- (A) They had each pulled at the crown, their united strength causing injuries which one alone could not have made. He had returned with the prize, but had left a fragment in the grasp of the thief.
 - (B) A man had waited outside the window. Someone had brought the jewels to him. The deed had been overseen by another man. He had pursued the thief and had struggled with him.
 - (C) It was because I could distinguish the outline of a step where the wet foot had been placed while coming in. I was then beginning to be able to form an opinion as to what had occurred.
- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
 - ② (B) - (A) - (C)
 - ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
 - ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
 - ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

39. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

Instead of putting more armed police in the street, they chose to play classical music.

A fascinating experiment once took place in a small Australian village. (①) For the past two years, the village had witnessed that the number of street crimes was rapidly increasing. (②) Local residents, alarmed by the increase in street crime, got together and decided that the best way to confront the problem was to remove the offenders from the main street after nightfall. (③) Every single block began piping out the sounds of Mozart, Bach, Beethoven, and Brahms. (④) In less than a week, the town reported a dramatic decrease in crime. (⑤) The experiment was so successful that the main train station in Copenhagen, Denmark adopted the same approach—with similar results, too.

40. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Order effect is the prejudicial impact that the presentation order of a question, idea, answer, or product has on a respondent. Whether the item is located in the first, last, or middle position sometimes affects the selection of or response to that item. There have been several studies that have noticed an order effect when an early stimulus acts as a frame of reference for later stimuli. Robert Ferber from Illinois University had respondents rate a list of occupations and found that the maximum or minimum ratings occurred on the one presented first, regardless of the ordering of the occupations. In another study, the subjects were asked to rate a beverage on intention to buy on a scale ranging from “definitely would not buy” to “definitely would buy.” The first beverage tasted was rated significantly higher.



The items presented in the _____ (A) _____ position tend to get _____ (B) _____ ratings by people.

- | | | |
|------------|-------|-----------|
| (A) | | (B) |
| ① initial | | extreme |
| ② fixed | | moderate |
| ③ last | | clear |
| ④ random | | uncertain |
| ⑤ variable | | average |

[41~42] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

One of the greatest annoyances in today’s gadget-filled world is that we continuously manage to misplace them. Finding a misplaced remote control, smartphone or even our car keys is not only an annoyance, but also a time consuming endeavor, right? A brilliant new invention called Stick-N-Find will change the way forgetful people live their lives.

Stick-N-Finds are about the size of a US quarter, with each one containing a circuit board, replaceable battery, buzzer and LED light. The tags can be stuck to items that are frequently lost, such as car keys or the TV remote, and a custom app allows the tags to be assigned to specific objects. When the object is lost, accessing the app on the smartphone will display how far away the object is (up to 100 feet). Then the users can find the missing item by moving in different directions to identify its _____. The tag will also sound a buzzer or illuminate its LED lights, aiding in the search. For luggage, pets, and maybe your kids if you want to make sure they don’t wander off too far from home, this thing is absolutely perfect.

* custom app: 사용자 지정 응용 프로그램

41. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Annoying Smartphone Applications
- ② How to Manage Your Gadgets Online
- ③ Emergency Services for Mobile Users
- ④ Sticky Smart Tags Can Change Your Life
- ⑤ Living on the Run Makes You So Forgetful

42. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① size ② thief ③ obstacle
- ④ function ⑤ location

[43~45] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

(A)

I was nine years old. I was at the local library. The librarian behind the desk looked over her glasses. (a) She studied me. My shirt was untucked and one shoe was untied. I chose *20,000 Leagues Under the Sea* by Jules Verne. I liked the drawings on the cover and the idea of people living under the ocean.

(B)

"Where's the book?" my mother said. "I beg your pardon?" "Where's the book?" The woman reached behind her. (b) She plopped it on the counter. My mother grabbed the book and pushed it in my arms. "Don't ever tell a child something's too hard," she said firmly. "And NEVER this child." I was being pulled out the door, hanging tightly to Jules Verne. I felt like we had just robbed a bank, and I wondered if we were going to get in trouble.
* plop: 쿵 하고 놓다

(C)

I hadn't looked at how difficult the book was. "This is too hard for you," she said as she put it on a shelf behind her. I felt like it had been locked in a safe. I went back to the children's section. And I chose a picture book about a monkey and returned to the desk. (c) She stamped that one without comment. When my mother drove up, I hurried into her car. She saw the book I had chosen. She asked, "Haven't you read this one already?" "The librarian lady wouldn't let me take the one I wanted." She turned off the ignition. "Why wouldn't she let you take it?" "(d) She said it was too hard."

(D)

My mother pulled me from the car. (e) She marched me to the desk. "I'm Mrs. Benetto. This is my son, Charley. Did you tell him a book was too hard for him to read?" The librarian stiffened. She was much older than my mother, and I was surprised at my mother's tone, given how she usually talked to old people. "He wanted to check out *20,000 Leagues Under the Sea*," she said. "He's too young. Look at him." I lowered my head.

43. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서대로 바르게 배열한 것은?

- ① (B) - (D) - (C)
- ② (C) - (B) - (D)
- ③ (C) - (D) - (B)
- ④ (D) - (B) - (C)
- ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

44. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)

45. 위 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① Charley는 '20,000 Leagues Under the Sea' 표지 그림을 마음에 들어 했다.
- ② Charley의 엄마는 아들이 Jules Verne의 책을 대출 받도록 해 주었다.
- ③ 사서는 Charley가 고른 책을 금고에 넣었다.
- ④ Charley의 엄마는 사서보다 나이가 적었다.
- ⑤ Charley는 사서로부터 어리다는 말을 듣고 고개를 떨어뜨렸다.

※ 확인 사항
○ 답안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하십시오.