

본 모터 선정표 확인은 파나소닉 모터의 카탈로그를 바탕으로 이루어 졌다.

※ 상부 모터 선정 및 확인

하중 $W_A = 600g = 0.6kg$ (0.54508kg)

볼스크류 길이 $B_L = 218.5mm = 0.2185m$

볼스크류 직경 $B_D = 12mm = 0.012m$

볼스크류 피치 $B_P = \frac{\leq ad}{1} = \frac{8mm}{1} = 8mm = 0.008m$

볼스크류 효율 $\tan\beta = \frac{\leq ad}{\pi \times d_m} = \frac{8}{12.65\pi} = 0.2013026948$

$$\therefore \beta = 11.38168265$$

$$table transformation$$

$$\therefore B_\eta = 98\% = 0.98 (cw \ ccw)$$

구동패턴

S-Time (정지시간)	A-Time (가속시간)	C-Time (정속시간)	D-Time (감속시간)	Cycle (반복)
$t_s = 0.25s$	$t_a = 0.1s$	$t_b = 0.55s$	$t_d = 0.1s$	$t_c = 1s$

이송거리 $S = 149.5mm = 0.1495m$

커플링 관성 모멘트 $J_c = 2.2 \times 10^{-6}$

볼스트류-너트 $m_{b1} = 200g = 0.2kg$

볼스크류 $m_{b2} = 0.72kg/m \times 0.2185m = 0.15732kg \approx 0.16kg$

외력 $F = 0N$

SOLVE)

볼스크류 무게 $B_W = m_{b2} = 0.16kg$

$$\text{로드 } J_L = J_C + J_B \equiv J_C + \frac{1}{8} B_W B_P^2 + \frac{W_A B_P^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$= 2.2 \times 10^{-6} + \frac{1}{8} 0.16 \times 0.008^2 + \frac{0.6 \times 0.008^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$= 4.452683363 \times 10^{-6} \approx 4.45 \times 10^{-6} kg \cdot m^2$$

모터의 선택 $J_M = 0.027 \times 10^{-4} kgm^2$

$$\text{관성비율 } G_{rate} = \frac{J_L}{J_M} = \frac{4.45 \times 10^{-6}}{0.027 \times 10^{-4}} = 1.648148148 \approx 1.65 (less 20)$$

$$\text{최대속도 } S = \frac{1}{2} \times ATime \times V_{\max} + CTime \times V_{\max} + \frac{1}{2} \times DTime \times V_{\max}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times V_{\max} + 0.55 \times V_{\max} + \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times V_{\max}$$

$$= 0.65 V_{\max}$$

$$\therefore S = 0.65 V_{\max}$$

$$V_{\max} = 0.65^{-1} \times 0.1495 = 0.23m/s$$

$$\text{모터회전속도 } N_{\text{sec}} = \frac{V_{\text{max}}}{B_P} = \frac{0.23}{0.008} = 28.75 \text{ rps}$$

$$N_{\text{min}} = 60N_{\text{sec}} = 60 \times 28.75 = 1725 \text{ rpm}$$

$$\text{이송토크 } T_f = \frac{B_P}{2\pi B_\eta} (\mu g W_A + F)$$

$$= \frac{0.008}{2\pi \times 0.98} (0.003 \times 9.807 \times 0.6 + 0)$$

$$= 2.293468203 \times 10^{-5} \approx 2.29 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Nm}$$

$$\text{가속토크 } T_a = \frac{2\pi N_{\text{sec}} (J_L + J_M)}{A \text{ Time}} + T_f$$

$$= \frac{2\pi \times 28.75 \times (4.45 \times 10^{-6} + 0.027 \times 10^{-4})}{0.1} + 2.29 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$= 0.0129389928 \approx 0.01 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\text{감속토크 } T_d = \frac{2\pi N_{\text{sec}} (J_L + J_M)}{D \text{ Time}} - T_f$$

$$= \frac{2\pi \times 28.75 \times (4.45 \times 10^{-6} + 0.027 \times 10^{-4})}{0.1} - 2.29 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$= 0.0128929728 \approx 0.01 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\text{최대토크확인 } T_a = 0.01 < 0.48 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\text{유효토크확인 } T_s = \sqrt{\frac{T_a^2 t_a + T_f^2 t_b + T_d^2 t_d}{t_c}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0.01^2 \times 0.1 + (2.29 \times 10^{-5})^2 \times 0.55 + 0.01^2 \times 0.1}{1}}$$

$$= 4.472168202 \times 10^{-3} \approx 4.47 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Nm}$$

$$\therefore T_s = 4.47 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Nm} < 0.16 \text{ Nm}$$

※ 하부 모터 선정 및 확인

$$\text{하중 } W_A = 6160 \text{ g} = 6.16 \text{ kg} \approx 6.20 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{볼스크류 길이 } B_L = 175 \text{ mm} = 0.175 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{볼스크류 직경 } B_D = 12 \text{ mm} = 0.012 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{볼스크류 피치 } B_P = \frac{\leq ad}{1} = \frac{8 \text{ mm}}{1} = 8 \text{ mm} = 0.008 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{볼스크류 효율 } \tan \beta = \frac{\leq ad}{\pi \times d_m} = \frac{8}{12.65\pi} = 0.2013026948$$

$$\therefore \beta = 11.38168265$$

$$\text{table transformation}$$

$$\therefore B_\eta = 98\% = 0.98 (\text{cw ccw})$$

구동패턴

S-Time (정지시간)	A-Time (가속시간)	C-Time (정속시간)	D-Time (감속시간)	Cycle (반복)
$t_s = 0.25 \text{ s}$	$t_a = 0.1 \text{ s}$	$t_b = 0.55 \text{ s}$	$t_d = 0.1 \text{ s}$	$t_c = 1 \text{ s}$

$$\text{이송거리 } S = 117 \text{ mm} = 0.117 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{커플링 관성 모멘트 } J_c = 2.2 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\text{볼스트류-너트 } m_{b1} = 200 \text{ g} = 0.2 \text{ kg}$$

볼스크류 $m_{b2} = 0.72kg/m \times 0.175m = 0.126kg$

외력 $F = 0N$

SOLVE)

볼스크류 무게 $B_W = m_{b2} = 0.126kg$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{로드 } J_L &= J_C + J_B \equiv J_C + \frac{1}{8} B_W B_P^2 + \frac{W_A B_P^2}{4\pi^2} \\ &= 2.2 \times 10^{-6} + \frac{1}{8} \times 0.126 \times 0.008^2 + \frac{6.2 \times 0.008^2}{4\pi^2} \\ &= 1.325906142 \times 10^{-5} \approx 1.33 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg} \cdot m^2 \end{aligned}$$

모터의 선택 $J_M = 0.027 \times 10^{-4} \text{ kgm}^2$

관성비율 $G_{rate} = \frac{J_L}{J_M} = \frac{1.33 \times 10^{-5}}{0.027 \times 10^{-4}} = 4.925925926 \approx 4.93 (less 20)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{최대속도 } S &= \frac{1}{2} \times ATime \times V_{\max} + CTime \times V_{\max} + \frac{1}{2} \times DTime \times V_{\max} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times V_{\max} + 0.55 \times V_{\max} + \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times V_{\max} \\ &= 0.65 V_{\max} \\ \therefore S &= 0.65 V_{\max} \\ V_{\max} &= 0.65^{-1} \times 0.117 = 0.18m/s \end{aligned}$$

모터회전속도 $N_{\sec} = \frac{V_{\max}}{B_P} = \frac{0.18}{0.008} = 22.5 \text{ rps}$
 $N_{\min} = 60 N_{\sec} = 60 \times 22.5 = 1350 \text{ rpm}$

이송토크 $T_f = \frac{B_P}{2\pi B_\eta} (\mu g W_A + F)$
 $= \frac{0.008}{2\pi \times 0.98} (0.003 \times 9.807 \times 6.2 + 0)$
 $= 2.368225553 \times 10^{-4} \approx 2.37 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Nm}$

가속토크 $T_a = \frac{2\pi N_{\sec} (J_L + J_M)}{ATime} + T_f$
 $= \frac{2\pi \times 22.5 \times (1.33 \times 10^{-5} + 0.027 \times 10^{-4})}{0.1} + 2.37 \times 10^{-4}$
 $= 0.02285646711 \approx 0.02 \text{ Nm}$

감속토크 $T_d = \frac{2\pi N_{\sec} (J_L + J_M)}{DTime} - T_f$
 $= \frac{2\pi \times 28.75 \times (1.33 \times 10^{-5} + 0.027 \times 10^{-4})}{0.1} - 2.37 \times 10^{-4}$
 $= 0.02238246711 \approx 0.02 \text{ Nm}$

최대토크확인 $T_a = 0.02 < 0.48N \cdot m$

유효토크확인 $T_s = \sqrt{\frac{T_a^2 t_a + T_f^2 t_b + T_d^2 t_d}{t_c}}$
 $= \sqrt{\frac{0.02^2 \times 0.1 + (2.37 \times 10^{-4})^2 \times 0.55 + 0.02^2 \times 0.1}{1}}$
 $= 8.945998712 \times 10^{-3} \approx 8.95 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Nm}$
 $\therefore T_s = 8.95 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Nm} < 0.16 \text{ Nm}$

따라서 결과적으로 Panasonic의 MSMD5AZP1T를 선택하였으며, 이는 Low Inertia 타입의 50W비율의 출력, 100V사용, 광엔코더의 분해능 10000, 킥옴방식, 홀딩브레이크 타입을 말한다. 정격속도는 3000rpm으로 Panasonic Motor 중 가장 출력이 약한 것을 선택하였다.