2003 : () : () (14) (70) (140) <u>୧</u>) (2)) **※** . (.) Ж ICT (Information and Communication Technology) 1. 7 **ICT ICT** . (5) 가 . ICT 2. (Harasim) . (4) 3. 가 가 . (5) 4. a가 n b가 n L L BNF L n ab, aabb, aaabbb ba, aba, aaabb, abab L . (4) 1: (nonterminal) (symbol) <S> 2:

```
:(           )
```

%

```
void kthSelect(int list[], int k, int left, int right)
   int i, j, pivot;
   if (left < right) {
      i = left; j = right+1;
      pivot = list[left];
      for(;;) {
          while(list[++i] < pivot) \{ \}
          while(list[--j] > pivot) { }
          if (i < j)
             swap(&list[i], &list[j]);
          else
             break;
      swap(&list[left], &list[j]);
          printf("The kth smallest element is %d.", list[j]);
      else if (k < j + 1)
            else
   }
}
```

(1)

(2)

(2)

G가 n 6. (vertex) V m (edge) \mathbf{E} (minimum spanning tree) , <가 > (cost) (w hile) 4. (4) MST(a) size() **b** find_min() (C) \bigcirc false find_cycle() true, **e** v, w (v, w)[] [] $MST = \{ \};$ while ((size(MST) < n-1) && (size(E) 0)) { $(v, w) = find_min(E);$ 350 익산 대전 if ($find_cycle(MST \cup \{(v, w)\}) == false$) { $MST = MST \cup \{(v, w)\};$ 대구 $E = E - \{(v, w)\};$

)

: (

)

: (

: (: ())

7. EMPLOYEE DEPT

[1] [2]

. (8)

[1]

CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEE (EMPNO CHAR(4) NOT NULL, ENAME CHAR(10), DEPTNO CHAR(4), SALARY INTEGER, YEAR INTEGER,

PRIMARY KEY (EMPNO), FOREIGN KEY (DEPTNO)

REFERENCES DEPT);

EMP	LOYEE	

EMPNO	ENAME	DEPTNO	SALARY	YEAR
()	()	()	()	()
E 100		D001	400	10
E 101		D002	350	5
E 102		D002	380	7
E 103		D003	280	3

[2]

CREATE TABLE DEPT (DEPTNO CHAR(4) NOT NULL, DNAME CHAR(10), BUDGET INTEGER, PRIMARY KEY (DEPTNO));

DEPT					
DEPTNO	DNAME	BUDGET			
()	()	()			
D001		8000			
D002		12000			
D003		9000			

7-1. (EMPNO)가 'E103' (DNAME)

. (3 SQL

SELECT

FROM

WHERE AND

7-2. (EMPNO)가 'E100' (DEPTNO) 'D 004' SQL

. (3

:()

*

9.4		A, B, C, D	3가		(8,	5,		6)
	,		t		가		(,	가		
	2 ,	3,		1).					
	;	,		_					. (6)

A	0	1	2	7	5	3
В	1	0	1	2	2	1
С	3	0	2	7	0	2
D	2	1	0	3	2	2

9-1. 가 (safe state) . (2)

: () : () * 가 9-2. . (4) 10. D (flip/flop) 3, 0, 1 . (5) 2 (counter) 10-1. (excitation table) . (3 A(t)B(t)A(t+1)B(t+1)DA DB 10-2. . (2) 11. 2 AC(Accumulator) PC(Program Counter) **16** 0x532F 0x62A ,0x62A, 0x61B, 0x8260x961B, 0x826, 0x700E7op I address I (1 op-code (3) address (12)가 1 (indirect address), 0 I((direct address) 가 . op-code , 'ADD 100' AC 100 (op) A C . (7) [] op-code (op) 000 $AC \leftarrow AC AND$ AND

 $AC \leftarrow AC$ -

 $AC \leftarrow AC +$

 $PC \leftarrow$

 \leftarrow AC

001

010

011

100

SUB

ADD

ST

BR

	: ()		: ()
		*			
11-1.				. (2)	
11-2.	7 }	A C 16	. (2)		
AC:					
11-3.	, PC 가	PC, AR(Address Reg	gister), IR (Instructi A R	ion Register) (operand)	16 , IR (fetch)
PC:					
AR :					
IR :					
12. HT (request	ML , ASP	, Java Applet (response)		. (4)	
-					
HTML			ITML	. ·	HTML
ASP					
Java Applet					

:()

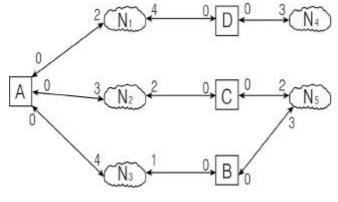
*

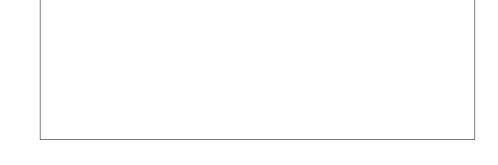
13. ISDN B (64Kbps) . 64Kbps (encoding) . (3)

14. (link state routing) (minimum cost)
. (link cost) . A, B, C, D

 N_1, N_2, N_3, N_4, N_5 . (6)

14-1. (Dijkstra) A
(minimum cost path tree) . (3)





14-2. A . , (next router)
フト . フト '-' . (3)

	(cost)	(next router)
N ₁		
N_2		
N ₃		
N ₄		
N ₅		

-