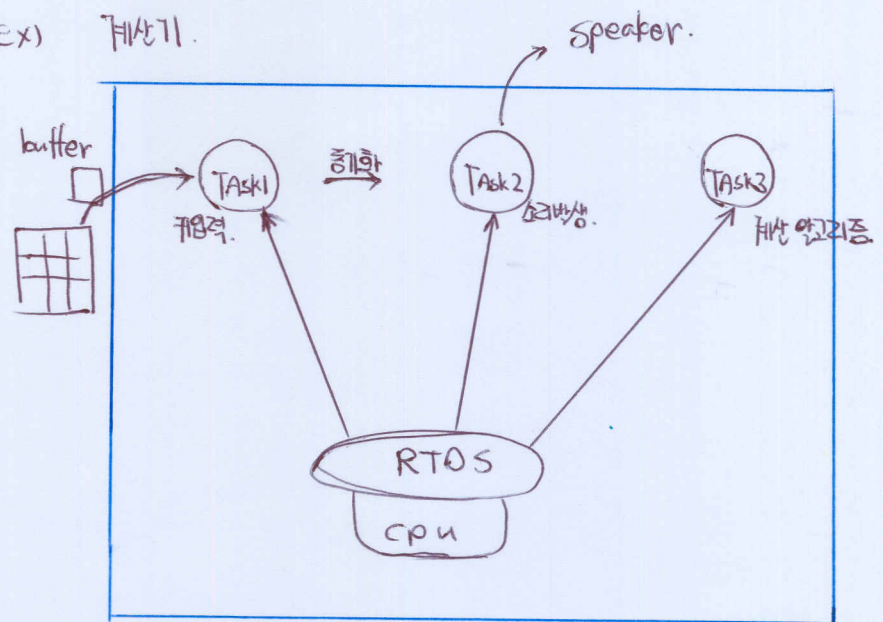
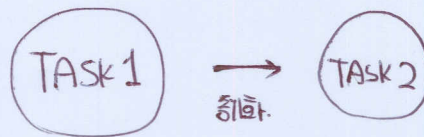


ex) 계산기.



< 계산기 >



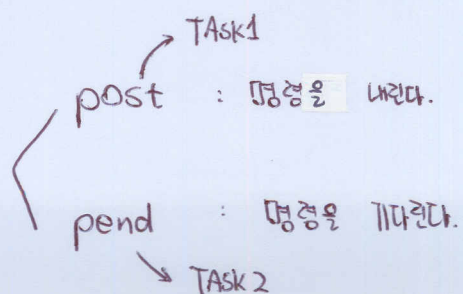
동시실행.

① Semaphore (counting semaphore)

- 간단한 경우에만, 명령 1개.

② Event Flag

- 복잡한 명령어의 경우에만, 명령어 2개.



★ 세마포어를 이용한 동기화.

① 세마포어 생성 `OSemCreate`

② 명령을 내린다. `OSemPost` → Task 1.

⋮

③ 명령을 기다린다. `OSemPend` → Task 2

- 예제코드.

키입력.
Void TASK1()
{ ① sem = OSemCreate(1);

key input();

② OSemPost (sem);

소리발생
우선순위가 높으면 좋다.
Void TASK2()
{
③ OSemPend (sem, 0, &err);
Sound();

계산완료표지.
Void TASK3()

※ • Mutual Exclusion
↓
Binary Semaphore

• 동기화.
↓
Counter Semaphore

※ { Post → +1
Pend → -1



※ 동기화 할 때는 "0"을 사용한다.

`OSemCreate(0);`

↓
이유는?

※ 공유자를 접근 X, 동기화 위해 '0'

세마포어는 ≥ 0 이다.

pend 변수가.
'0' 상태.
↓
Waiting 상태.

Counter Semaphore → post 변수를 증가. Pend 변수를 감소.

```

main.c

/*
*****
*
*          uC/OS-II
*      The Real-Time Kernel
*
*      (c) Copyright 1992-1998, Jean J. Labrosse, Plantation, FL
*          All Rights Reserved
*
*          V2.51
*
*          EXAMPLE #1
*****
*/
#include "stdio.h"
#include "includes.h"
/*
*****
*
*          CONSTANTS
*****
*/

// #define TASK_STK_SIZE      512      /* Size of each task's stacks (# of WORDs) */
#define TASK_STK_SIZE      8192      /* Size of each task's stacks (# of WORDs) */
#define N_TASKS            5          /* Number of identical tasks */

/*
*****
*
*          VARIABLES
*****
*/

OS_STK      TaskStk[N_TASKS][TASK_STK_SIZE];    /* Tasks stacks */
OS_STK      TaskStartStk[TASK_STK_SIZE];

OS_EVENT *sem;

/*
*****
*
*          USER VARIABLES
*****
*/
#define FND (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000002))

#define DOT1 (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000004))
#define DOT2 (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000008))

#define LED (*(volatile uchar *) (0x0C000016))

#define TEXT_LCD_INST (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000014))
#define TEXT_LCD_DATA (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000012))

#define FND_RUN      1
#define LED_RUN      1
#define TEXT_LCD_RUN 1
#define DOT_RUN      1

#if FND_RUN
    unsigned char Getsegcode (int x);
#endif

#if TEXT_LCD_RUN
#define LCD_FUNC_SET      0x38
#define LCD_DISP_SET      0x0c
#define LCD_CLEAR_SET     0x01
#define LCD_ENTRY_SET     0x07
#define LCD_RETURN_HOME   0x02
#define LCD_FIRST_LINE_ADDRESS 0x80
#define LCD_SECOND_LINE_ADDRESS 0xc0
#endif

#if TEXT_LCD_RUN
void udelay (unsigned int count)
{
    while (count --) {
        if (count == 0) break;
    }
}
#endif

```

main.c

```

#if FND_RUN
unsigned char Getsegcode(int x)
{
    char code;

    switch (x) {
        case 0x0 : code = 0x3f; break;
        case 0x1 : code = 0x06; break;
        case 0x2 : code = 0x5b; break;
        case 0x3 : code = 0x4f; break;
        case 0x4 : code = 0x66; break;
        case 0x5 : code = 0x6d; break;
        case 0x6 : code = 0x7d; break;
        case 0x7 : code = 0x07; break;
        case 0x8 : code = 0x7f; break;
        case 0x9 : code = 0x6f; break;
        case 0xA : code = 0x77; break;
        case 0xB : code = 0x7c; break;
        case 0xC : code = 0x39; break;
        case 0xD : code = 0x5e; break;
        case 0xE : code = 0x79; break;
        case 0xF : code = 0x71; break;
        //case 0xm : code = 0x40; break;
        //case 0xq : code = 0x48; break;
        default : code = 0; break;
    }

    return code;
}
#endif

#if DOT_RUN
void dot1_display (ushort value);
void dot2_display (ushort value);
#endif

#if DOT_RUN
void dot1_display(ushort value)
{
    OS_ENTER_CRITICAL ();
    DOT1 = value ;
    OS_EXIT_CRITICAL ();
    OSTimeDly(1);
}

void dot2_display(ushort value)
{
    OS_ENTER_CRITICAL ();
    DOT2 = value ;
    OS_EXIT_CRITICAL ();
    OSTimeDly(1);
}
#endif

#define STEP_MOTOR (*((volatile ushort *) (0x0C00000C)))

#define STEP_MOTOR_RUN 1

#if STEP_MOTOR_RUN
#define A      (unsigned short)(0x1)
#define AB     (unsigned short)(0x5)
#define B      (unsigned short)(0x4)
#define _AB    (unsigned short)(0x6)
#define _A     (unsigned short)(0x2)
#define _A_B   (unsigned short)(0xa)
#define _B     (unsigned short)(0x8)
#define A_B    (unsigned short)(0x9)
#endif

/*
*****
*                                     FUNCTION PROTOTYPES
*****
*/

void Task1(void *data);          /* Function prototypes of tasks */
void Task2(void *data);          /* Function prototypes of tasks */
void Task3(void *data);
void Task4(void *data);

```

```

main.c
void TaskStart(void *data);      /* Function prototypes of Startup task */

/*
*****
*                               MAIN
*****
*/

void C_Entry(void)
{
    SerialInit();
    printf("WnC_Entry...Wn");
    OSInit();                    /* Initialize uC/OS-II */
    printf("WnOSInit...Wn");

    OSTaskCreate(TaskStart, (void *)0, &TaskStartStk[TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 4);
    printf("WnOSTaskCreate...Wn");

    OSStart();                   /* Start multitasking */
    printf("WnOSStart...Wn");
}

/*
*****
*                               STARTUP TASK
*****
*/

void TaskStart (void *data)
{
    printf("TaskStart!!Wn");

    OSTimer0_Period_Setting();
    OSTimer0_Interrupt_Setting(); /* Timer Enable */

    OSStatInit();                /* Initialize uC/OS-II's statistics */
    printf("Task...!!Wn");

    OSTaskCreate(Task1, "Task1", &TaskStk[0][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 6);
    OSTaskCreate(Task2, "Task2", &TaskStk[1][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 5);
    OSTaskCreate(Task3, "Task3", &TaskStk[2][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 7);
    OSTaskCreate(Task4, "Task4", &TaskStk[3][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 8);

    sem = OSSemCreate(0);

    for (;;) {
        /*
        printf("Wn-----");
        printf("WnRunning Task : %5dWn", OSTaskCtr); // Display
        #tasks running printf("Cpu Usage : %3dWn", OSCPUUsage); //
        Display CPU usage in % printf("Context Switches per Sec : %5dWn", (int)OSCtxSwCtr); // Display #context
        switches per second printf("Wn-----Wn");
        OSCtxSwCtr = 0;
        */

        //OSTimeDlyHMSM(0, 0, 1, 0);
        // Wait one second
        OSTimeDly(50);
    }
}

/*
*****
*                               TASKS
*****
*/

void Task1(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {

```

main.c

```

printf((char *)data);
printf("-----Wn");

#if LED_RUN
LED = 0x01;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x02;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x04;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x08;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x10;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x20;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x40;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x80;
OSTimeDly(10);
LED = 0x00;    // end value
#endif

printf("TASK1 : POST OKWn");

OSSemPost(sem);

OSTimeDly(50);
}

void Task2(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {
        printf((char *)data);
        printf("-----Wn");

        INT8U err;

        OSSemPend(sem, 0, &err);

        printf("TASK3 : Pend OKWn");

        int step;

        for(step = 0 ; step < 8; step++) {

            #if STEP_MOTOR_RUN
            // A -> B -> _A -> _B
            STEP_MOTOR = A;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = AB;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = B;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = _AB;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = _A;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = _A_B;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = _B;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            STEP_MOTOR = A_B;
            OSTimeDly(1);
            #endif

        }

        OSTimeDly(50);
    }
}

void Task3(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {

```

main.c

```
printf((char *)data);  
printf("-----Wn");
```

```
OSTimeDly(50);
```

```
    }  
}
```

```
void Task4(void *data)
```

```
{  
    for (;;) {  
        printf((char *)data);  
        printf("-----Wn");  
        OSTimeDly(50);  
    }  
}
```

" Event Flag " - 복잡한 경우 " 여러 명령어 "

< 이벤트 플래그를 이용한 증가화 >

① 이벤트 플래그 생성 OSFlag Create

② 명령을 내린다. OSFlag Post

③ 명령을 기다린다. OSFlag Pend.

ex OS_FLAG_GRP * ef;

```
Void TASK1() // 키값
{
  ef = OSFlagCreate(0, &env);
```

keyInput();

OSFlagPost(ef, 0x01, OS_FLAG_SET, &env);

```
Void TASK2() // 키값, 현재값을 리턴
```

```
{
```

OSFlagPend(ef, 0x03, OS_FLAG_SET_ANY

+ OS_FLAG_CONSUME, &env);

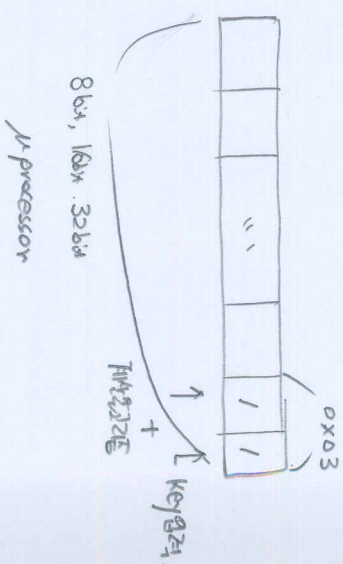
// ANY : 0x03에 0x01

- ALL : 0x01

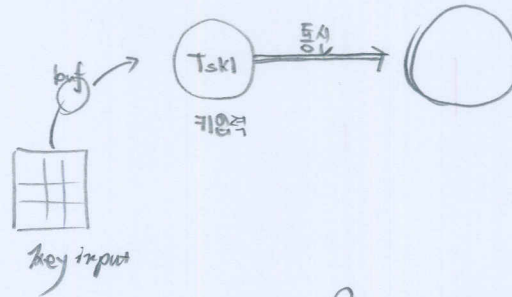
```
Void TASK3() // 키값을 리턴
```

```
{
  Calculate();
```

OSFlagPost(ef, 0x02, OS_FLAG_SET, &env);



InterTask Communication <ITC>



Communication 통신

Inter Task Communication

두가지 방법이 있다.

- ① mail Box. (간단. 정보 1개씩만)
- ② Queue (복잡. 정보 4~5개)

○ 메일박스를 이용한 통신.

① 메일박스 생성 OSMbox Create

② 정보를 보낸다. OSMbox Post

③ 정보를 받는다 OSMbox Pend

(Coding EX)

```
Void TASK1 ( )
{
    mb = OSMboxCreate(0);
    key = KeyInput();
```

```
    OSMboxPost ( mb, (void*)key);
```

```
}
```

```
Void TASK2 ( )
```

```
{
```

```
    in = OSMboxPend (mb, 0, &in);
```

```
    case (in)
```

```
        1: ~ // 1번소리
```

```
        2: ~ // 2번소리
```

```
        3: ~ // 3번소리
```

```
        :
```

```
}
```

```

main.c

/*
*****
*
*          uC/OS-II
*      The Real-Time Kernel
*
*      (c) Copyright 1992-1998, Jean J. Labrosse, Plantation, FL
*          All Rights Reserved
*
*          V2.51
*
*          EXAMPLE #1
*****
*/
#include "stdio.h"
#include "includes.h"
/*
*****
*
*          CONSTANTS
*****
*/

#define TASK_STK_SIZE      512      /* Size of each task's stacks (# of WORDs) */
#define TASK_STK_SIZE      8192     /* Size of each task's stacks (# of WORDs) */
#define N_TASKS            5        /* Number of identical tasks */

/*
*****
*
*          VARIABLES
*****
*/

OS_STK      TaskStk[N_TASKS][TASK_STK_SIZE]; /* Tasks stacks */
OS_STK      TaskStartStk[TASK_STK_SIZE];

OS_EVENT *sem;
OS_EVENT *mb;
/*
*****
*
*          USER VARIABLES
*****
*/
#define FND (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000002))

#define DOT1 (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000004))
#define DOT2 (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000008))

#define LED (*(volatile uchar *) (0x0C000016))

#define TEXT_LCD_INST (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000014))
#define TEXT_LCD_DATA (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C000012))

#define FND_RUN      1
#define LED_RUN      1
#define TEXT_LCD_RUN 1
#define DOT_RUN      1

#if FND_RUN
    unsigned char Getsegcode (int x);
#endif

#if TEXT_LCD_RUN
#define LCD_FUNC_SET      0x38
#define LCD_DISP_SET     0x0c
#define LCD_CLEAR_SET    0x01
#define LCD_ENTRY_SET    0x07
#define LCD_RETURN_HOME  0x02
#define LCD_FIRST_LINE_ADDRESS 0x80
#define LCD_SECOND_LINE_ADDRESS 0xc0
#endif

#if TEXT_LCD_RUN
void udelay (unsigned int count)
{
    while (count -- ) {
        if (count == 0) break;
    }
}
#endif

```

```

#if FND_RUN
unsigned char Getsegcode(int x)
{
    char code;

    switch (x) {
        case 0x0 : code = 0x3f; break;
        case 0x1 : code = 0x06; break;
        case 0x2 : code = 0x5b; break;
        case 0x3 : code = 0x4f; break;
        case 0x4 : code = 0x66; break;
        case 0x5 : code = 0x6d; break;
        case 0x6 : code = 0x7d; break;
        case 0x7 : code = 0x07; break;
        case 0x8 : code = 0x7f; break;
        case 0x9 : code = 0x6f; break;
        case 0xA : code = 0x77; break;
        case 0xB : code = 0x7c; break;
        case 0xC : code = 0x39; break;
        case 0xD : code = 0x5e; break;
        case 0xE : code = 0x79; break;
        case 0xF : code = 0x71; break;
        //case 0xm : code = 0x40; break;
        //case 0xq : code = 0x48; break;
        default : code = 0; break;
    }

    return code;
}
#endif

#if DOT_RUN
void dot1_display (ushort value);
void dot2_display (ushort value);
#endif

#if DOT_RUN
void dot1_display(ushort value)
{
    OS_ENTER_CRITICAL ();
    DOT1 = value ;
    OS_EXIT_CRITICAL ();
    OSTimeDly(1);
}

void dot2_display(ushort value)
{
    OS_ENTER_CRITICAL ();
    DOT2 = value ;
    OS_EXIT_CRITICAL ();
    OSTimeDly(1);
}
#endif

#define STEP_MOTOR (*(volatile ushort *) (0x0C00000C))

#define STEP_MOTOR_RUN 1

#if STEP_MOTOR_RUN
#define A      (unsigned short)(0x1)
#define AB     (unsigned short)(0x5)
#define B      (unsigned short)(0x4)
#define _AB    (unsigned short)(0x6)
#define _A     (unsigned short)(0x2)
#define _A_B   (unsigned short)(0xa)
#define _B     (unsigned short)(0x8)
#define A_B    (unsigned short)(0x9)
#endif

/*
*****
*                                     FUNCTION PROTOTYPES
*****
*/

void Task1(void *data);          /* Function prototypes of tasks */
void Task2(void *data);          /* Function prototypes of tasks */
void Task3(void *data);
void Task4(void *data);

```

```

main.c
void TaskStart(void *data); /* Function prototypes of Startup task */

/*
*****
*                               MAIN
*****
*/

void C_Entry(void)
{
    SerialInit();
    printf("WnC_Entry...Wn");
    OSInit(); /* Initialize uC/OS-II */
    printf("WnOSInit...Wn");

    OSTaskCreate(TaskStart, (void *)0, &TaskStartStk[TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 4);
    printf("WnOSTaskCreate...Wn");

    OSStart(); /* Start multitasking */
    printf("WnOSStart...Wn");
}

/*
*****
*                               STARTUP TASK
*****
*/

void TaskStart (void *data)
{
    printf("TaskStart!!Wn");

    OSTimer0_Period_Setting();
    OSTimer0_Interrupt_Setting(); /* Timer Enable */

    OSStatInit(); /* Initialize uC/OS-II's statistics */
    printf("Task...!!Wn");

    OSTaskCreate(Task1, "Task1", &TaskStk[0][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 6);
    OSTaskCreate(Task2, "Task2", &TaskStk[1][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 5);
    OSTaskCreate(Task3, "Task3", &TaskStk[2][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 7);
    OSTaskCreate(Task4, "Task4", &TaskStk[3][TASK_STK_SIZE - 1], 8);

    sem = OSSemCreate(0);
    mb = OSMBboxCreate(0);

    for (;;) {
        /*
        printf("Wn-----");
        printf("WnRunning Task : %5dWn", OSTaskCtr); // Display
        #tasks running printf("Cpu Usage : %3dWn", OSCPUUsage); //
        Display CPU usage in % printf("Context Switches per Sec : %5dWn", (int)OSCtxSwCtr); // Display #context
        switches per second printf("Wn-----Wn");
        OSCtxSwCtr = 0;
        */

        //OSTimeDlyHMSM(0, 0, 1, 0);
        // Wait one second
        OSTimeDly(50);
    }
}

/*
*****
*                               TASKS
*****
*/

void Task1(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {

```

main.c

```

    printf((char *)data);
    printf("-----\n");

    INT8U key = 3;
    printf(" key = %d \n", key);
    OSMboxPost(mb, (void*)key);
    OSTimeDly(50);
}

void Task2(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {
        printf((char *)data);
        printf("-----\n");

        int in = 0;
        INT8U err;
        in = OSMboxPend(mb, 0, &err);
        printf(" sound = %d \n", in);
        OSTimeDly(50);
    }
}

void Task3(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {
        printf((char *)data);
        printf("-----\n");
        OSTimeDly(50);
    }
}

void Task4(void *data)
{
    for (;;) {
        printf((char *)data);
        printf("-----\n");
        OSTimeDly(50);
    }
}

```