

# 외국어(영어) 영역

## 제 3 교시

성명

수험번호

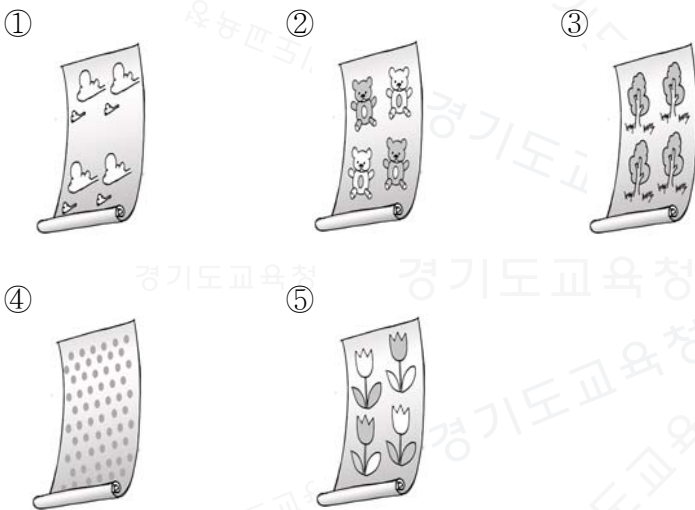
1

1

- 먼저 문제지에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 기입하십시오.
- 답안지에 수험 번호, 답을 표기할 때에는 반드시 ‘수험생이 지켜야 할 일’에 따라 표기하십시오.
- 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하십시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점입니다.

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 구입할 물건을 고르시오. [1점]



2. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 심정으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① worried                      ② envious                      ③ amused
- ④ bored                        ⑤ satisfied

3. 다음을 듣고, 무엇에 관한 설명인지 고르시오.

- ① painting                      ② sport                        ③ concert
- ④ campaign                    ⑤ volunteering

4. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 할 일을 고르시오.

- ① 가방 옮기기                      ② 일행에게 전화하기
- ③ 두꺼운 옷 준비하기              ④ 가스 밸브 확인하기
- ⑤ 여분의 건전지 챙기기

5. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 지불할 총액을 고르시오.

- ① \$80                      ② \$90                      ③ \$160                      ④ \$180                      ⑤ \$240

6. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 회의 일정을 공지하려고
- ② 커피 자판기 설치를 알리려고
- ③ 회사 카페 이용을 권장하려고
- ④ 구내매점 이용시간을 알리려고
- ⑤ 복사실의 위치변경을 안내하려고

7. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁한 일을 고르시오.

- ① to fix the guitar                      ② to pay a visit to hospital
- ③ to lend him some money              ④ to sponsor the concert
- ⑤ to help him with the exam

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

- ① school staff – student                      ② nurse – patient
- ③ receptionist – guest                      ④ clerk – customer
- ⑤ secretary – interviewee

9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

- ① 극장                              ② 도서관                              ③ 은행
- ④ 교실                              ⑤ 백화점

10. 대화를 듣고, 다음 일정표에서 잘못 기재된 것을 고르시오.

Tomorrow's Schedule		
①	9:30 a.m.	Meeting in the lobby
②	10:00 a.m.	Leaving for the Orchid Garden
③	11:00 a.m. – 1:00 p.m.	Touring around the Garden
④	1:00 p.m. – 3:00 p.m.	Lunch & Shopping
⑤	4:00 p.m.	Visiting the Galaxy Mall

11. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 환불 해주기                              ② 옷 진열하기
- ③ 재고 확인하기                              ④ 바지 수선해 오기
- ⑤ 탈의실 안내해 주기

12. Dan에 대한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 20년 넘게 보트 타기를 즐겼다.
- ② 18살에 처음 보트를 만들었다.
- ③ 지금 멋진 보트를 가지고 있다.
- ④ 아내와 함께 보트 타기를 즐긴다.
- ⑤ 보트에서 풍경 사진을 찍기도 한다.

13. 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



- ①                      ②                      ③                      ④                      ⑤

14. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

W: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Don't mention it. What are friends for?
- ② Thanks a lot. I feel I'll get over it soon.
- ③ That's okay. Everyone makes mistakes.
- ④ Could you lend me your notes? It'll be helpful.
- ⑤ No problem. This week, we don't have any quizzes.

15. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

M: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① I see. You sleep more than me.
- ② Wow! No wonder you laughed at me.
- ③ Great! You get enough sleep every day.
- ④ You'd better get up early in the morning.
- ⑤ I'm sorry to hear that you had a bad dream.

16. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

W: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Why don't you take medicine?
- ② Okay. You'd better quit the job.
- ③ All right. You really deserve it.
- ④ Don't worry. You can work at home.
- ⑤ No, my boss canceled the reservation.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Jenny가 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Jenny: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Should I come again tomorrow?
- ② You'd better take some medicine.
- ③ Will this medicine make me sleepy?
- ④ I don't have to pick up my cousin tonight.
- ⑤ Can I make an appointment with the doctor?

이제 듣기 문제가 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 밑줄 친 This[this]가 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

This is such a popular sport because anyone can engage in it. No matter where you live, usually within an hour from your home is a place for this. Girls can be good at this like boys. Every member of your family can learn to enjoy it individually or together. Indeed, this can be enjoyed with a cane pole and a few hooks regardless of age, sex, or income. Perhaps the greatest appeal of this is the opportunity to enjoy the companionship of friends, to learn interesting facts about nature and to use varied skills, such as throwing a bait into the water with a hook and line.

- ① fishing                      ② yachting                      ③ swimming
- ④ windsurfing                      ⑤ scuba diving

19. 밑줄 친 them이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

In Australia, scientists are training little animals called quokkas to run away from danger, as they don't want ① them to be an endangered species. A hundred years ago, there were no foxes in Australia. So the little guys never learned to be afraid of ② them. Today, foxes are all over Australia. The fearless quokkas can get hurt by these new predators, and their number is decreasing. To teach ③ them to run away, wildlife experts use dogs specially trained to chase but not hurt quokkas. The experts also bring out a stuffed fox when a dog is chasing ④ them. This teaches ⑤ them to be afraid when they see a fox.

\* stuff: 박제하다

20. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

I'm glad for you, excellent students, to enter this school and it's my pleasure to tell you something. Now that you are in high school, you will have more pressures of school and extra-curricular activities. So time management will become extremely important. Teachers, parents, and peers can also put a lot of pressure on you to do more and do well in school. The best way to deal with all that is to make sure you have time for everything you need to do, while leaving time to enjoy yourself. Remember that the right balance between relaxation and work will lead to success in all things.

- ① 학교생활 규칙을 안내하려고
- ② 스트레스 해소법을 소개하려고
- ③ 시간 관리의 중요성을 강조하려고
- ④ 다양한 교과외 활동을 홍보하려고
- ⑤ 입학 절차시 유의점을 안내하려고

21. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

A group of scientists did an experiment using the following theory: A daily dose of certain beneficial bacteria may keep children who are in hospitals (A) getting / from getting diarrhea so that they won't have to spend extra time in the hospital. The scientists tested their theory by giving one group of children a dose of beneficial bacteria (B) for / during their hospital stay. Another group was given a pill that doesn't have any effect. The result was that the risk of getting diarrhea was 80 percent (C) low / lower in the group that received the bacteria than in the group that didn't.

\* diarrhea: 설사

- |   | (A)          |       | (B)    |       | (C)   |
|---|--------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| ① | getting      | ..... | for    | ..... | lower |
| ② | getting      | ..... | for    | ..... | low   |
| ③ | getting      | ..... | during | ..... | lower |
| ④ | from getting | ..... | during | ..... | low   |
| ⑤ | from getting | ..... | during | ..... | lower |

22. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

Petra, in southern Jordan, is an amazing ancient city. ① Its buildings and temples were cut out of solid rock dating back 2,000 years. Because it is hidden deep in the mountains, for 700 years very few people knew Petra existed. ② Despite there were reports of a lost city in the area, no one could find it. ③ Spread over 400 square miles, the enormous city of Petra was built in several stages. It has many marvelous tombs, but no one knows ④ what their function was. No bodies were ever found there! Since it was discovered in 1812, Petra has been a popular and fantastic place ⑤ to visit.

23. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Here are some skills for giving efficient lectures. ① Talk naturally at a pace to suit your listeners, using pauses and silences as well as changing the tone and pitch of your voice to emphasize what you say. ② More important thing is to speak clearly and directly to people, but this does not mean you have to develop a new voice or different accent. ③ Take notes as much as you can to help your better understanding of what you hear. ④ Avoid becoming frozen to the same spot, but do not walk around too much, either. ⑤ Make full use of resources and audio-visual aids to illustrate and enhance your talk, not trying to fix your eyes on your script.

[24~27] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

24. The one tool that unfailingly reduces stress for me is to \_\_\_\_\_. For example, I'm on my way to an appointment. Traffic moves very slowly because of roadwork or an accident, and I know I'll be very late. I'm getting more and more upset, to the point of physical action. My face is turning red, my stomach is stirring and I start to have a headache. Then finally realizing how unreasonable my reaction is, I take a deep breath and tell myself, "There's nothing I can do about it." So I just accept my powerlessness and soon become relaxed again.

- ① attack                      ② travel                      ③ exercise
- ④ criticize                    ⑤ surrender

25. One day, while my wife was busy shopping in the department store, I decided to wait outside to get some fresh air. Standing outside, I happened to see a sign above, "No Standing." I, a foreigner, was surprised a bit because I thought America was a free country where I could stand or sit at my preference. As I chose to ignore the compelling sign, a police car slowly approached, inside of which two police officers were watching me closely. I immediately \_\_\_\_\_, for I was (and still am) a law-obeying person. At that time, of course, I didn't realize that the sign was only intended for cars.

- ① sat down                    ② shouted out                    ③ parked there
- ④ broke the sign              ⑤ opened the door



26. Ancient people regarded diseases as punishments. But today, we know they are caused by viruses and microorganisms, such as bacteria. This means maintaining good health is largely \_\_\_\_\_. If you practice good self-care, or preventive medicine, you are doing things that will help keep you healthy. Getting enough sleep and exercise and eating the right foods are simple things that can help prevent illness. Fixing small problems before they become big problems will also keep your machine running better and longer. Having regular medical checkups will be another effective part you are supposed to do.

- ① having good friends
- ② a well-balanced diet
- ③ your own responsibility
- ④ studying medical machinery
- ⑤ following ancient people's faith

27. For tens of thousands of years, myths were passed on by word of mouth, handed down from generation to generation by poets or professional storytellers. Some villages appointed a specific storyteller whose job was to learn the group's myths and retell them to educate and entertain the other villagers. There were also traveling storytellers who visited different villages, exchanging stories for food and lodging. As often happens when a story is passed on orally, details are changed by each teller and each telling. The result is that \_\_\_\_\_ in many cultures.

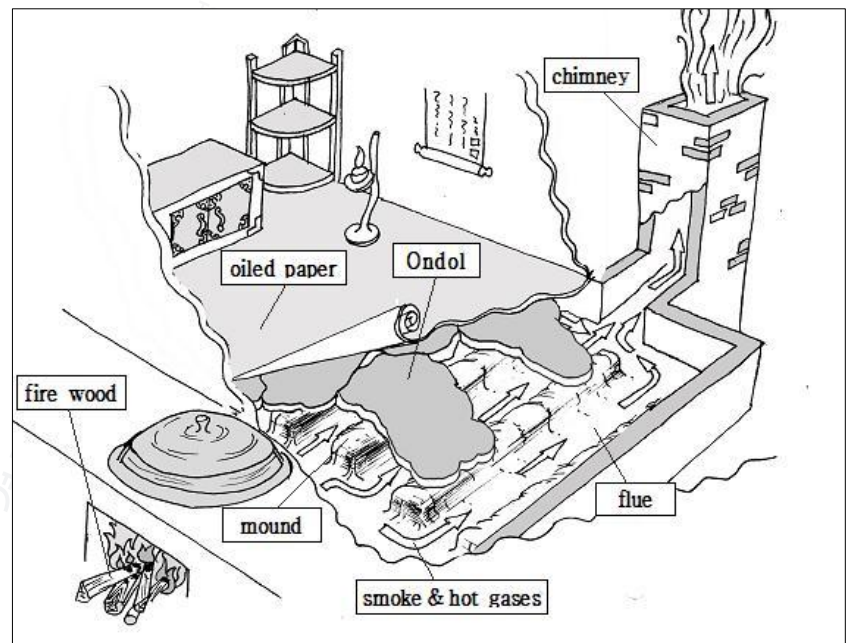
- ① story telling was prohibited by law
- ② there were so many traveling villagers
- ③ sharing common subjects was important
- ④ there are different versions of the same story
- ⑤ story telling was replaced with interesting books

28. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Damien Hirst is a top British artist, famous for his work as a sculptor. However, it appears that at least one person thinks his modern art is garbage. When a cleaner saw a (A) heap/hip of empty beer bottles, dirty ashtrays, and coffee cups, he simply threw it all in the trash. "As soon as I saw it, I sighed because there was so much (B) mess/mist," he said. Apparently he didn't grasp that this was Hirst's latest work of art, with an estimated value of at least £100,000. Fortunately, staff at the art gallery (C) refused/rescued the items from the garbage and recreated the exhibit from photographs.

- |   | (A)  |       | (B)  |       | (C)     |
|---|------|-------|------|-------|---------|
| ① | hip  | ..... | mess | ..... | rescued |
| ② | hip  | ..... | mist | ..... | refused |
| ③ | heap | ..... | mess | ..... | rescued |
| ④ | heap | ..... | mist | ..... | rescued |
| ⑤ | heap | ..... | mist | ..... | refused |

29. 다음 그림에 대한 글의 내용 중, 밑줄 친 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?



Korea's traditional under-floor heating system is called *Ondol*. *Ondol*, usually made of granite stones, is supported by ① mounds. Because the room floor is ② covered with oiled paper, nothing about this system can be seen in the room. Hot flue gases coming from the ③ fire woods in the fire hole of the kitchen are the very means of floor heating system. These hot gases are ④ directed through the space between the mounds and heat the granite stones. The stones then radiate heat to the room floor right above it. The hot gases and smoke ⑤ stay in the chimney.

\* flue: (온돌의) 통기관

30. 다음 글의 마지막에 느꼈을 필자의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?

[1점]

It was an unusually dark winter midnight and the wind kept tapping my face. After I finished my shift, I was on my way home from work, driving my bicycle alone. Suddenly, I noticed one man with a long hair, riding behind me secretly. I felt my heart jumping out. I tried to rush home, pushing the pedals. But he kept following me. My heart was almost on fire. I managed to get home and reached the bell. The man reached too. I saw the oddest face in the world under the light. But he said breathing heavily, "Here is your bag you dropped behind."

- ① bored and indifferent
- ② lonely and depressed
- ③ annoyed and surprised
- ④ sad and disappointed
- ⑤ relieved and embarrassed

31. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Children all over the world begin to study English as a second language at a very early age and, in spite of its complexity, do amazingly well. \_\_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_\_, I just met the eight-year-old daughter of a Russian family now living in the U.S. who participated in an intensive English program. After only a few months, she learned the language so well that she was able to enter the third grade, speaking English with only a slight Russian accent. \_\_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_\_, her mother is taking much longer. She still has a strong Russian accent and often makes mistakes in using proper words.

- | (A)            |       | (B)               |
|----------------|-------|-------------------|
| ① In addition  | ..... | On the other hand |
| ② In addition  | ..... | At the same time  |
| ③ Nevertheless | ..... | As a result       |
| ④ For example  | ..... | As a result       |
| ⑤ For example  | ..... | On the other hand |

32. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

After a terrible natural disaster like an earthquake or tsunami many donators and communities rush to organize big clothing drives to assist the victims. Undoubtedly, while these donors have their hearts in the right place, it will take long time for volunteers to sort the items and dispose of things that are unwearable. With this reason, charities prefer donations of cash that they can use to purchase needed supplies. Besides, the local economy will benefit if disaster victims are provided cash or coupons to buy clothing from local merchants rather than clothing. The next time disaster strikes and you want to help, consider having a bake sale or yard sale to raise money for the victims.

- ① 재난 구호 활동 시 충분한 음식을 제공하자.
- ② 구호 활동보다 지역 경제 활성화가 우선이다.
- ③ 의류 분류를 위한 자원 봉사 활동이 필요하다.
- ④ 재난구호에는 물품 보다 현금제공이 더 유용하다.
- ⑤ 원활한 구호 활동을 위해 치밀한 조직을 구성하자.

[33~34] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

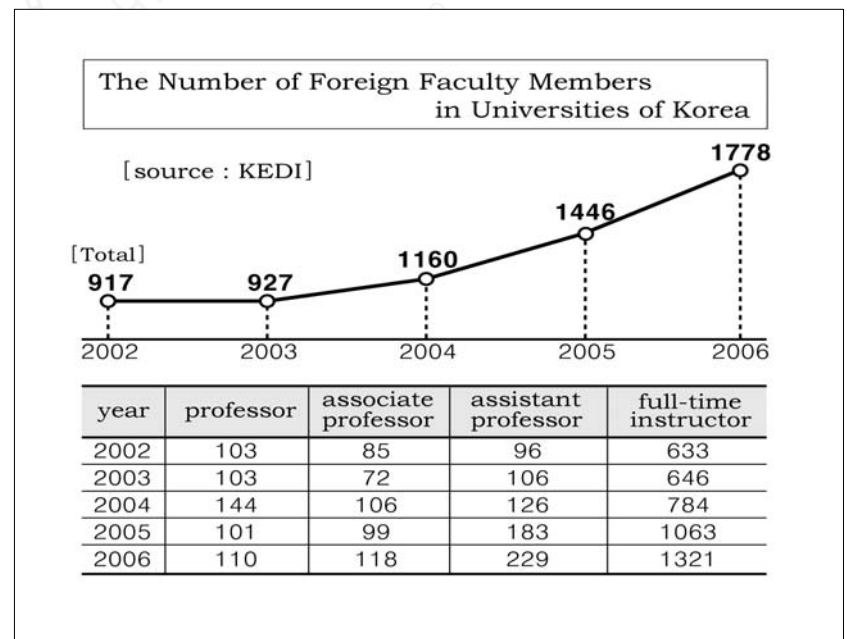
33. In the nineteenth century, American and British fishermen nearly wiped out the Antarctic seal. However, the seals have made an astonishing comeback, and the current seal population is rapidly increasing. Although scientists admit there may be other factors responsible for the return of the Antarctic seal, they are convinced that the severe decrease in the baleen whale population is a major cause. The baleen whale and the Antarctic seal once competed for the same food source. With the baleen whale practically extinct, the seals now have an almost unlimited food supply.

- ① result from ecosystem destruction
- ② cause of Antarctic seals' re-increase
- ③ unchanging food chain in the Antarctic
- ④ law against capturing the Antarctic seals
- ⑤ efforts of scientists to protect sea animals

34. The UN released a report that we have developed so successfully that we have more food per person than at any previous time in human history, and we are on average three times as wealthy as 40 years ago. The increasing wealth, however, has widened the gap between the rich and the poor. The gap in the United States, for example, shows that the richest one percent of the citizens own 40 percent of the total property of the country, while 80 percent of citizens own just 16 percent. Since the 1990s, 40 percent of the increased wealth went into the pockets of the rich minority, while only 1 percent went to the poor majority.

- ① 경제 발달에 따른 빈부 격차 심화
- ② 경제 발달이 인권에 끼친 영향
- ③ 경제와 인구 증가의 관계
- ④ 경제적 불평등 해결 방안
- ⑤ 부유층의 사회적 책무

35. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 문장은?



The above table and graph shows the number of foreign faculty in universities of Korea. ① The total figures for international scholars did not show any big change between 2002 and 2003. ② Then the total numbers steadily increased from 2003 to 2006. ③ Also, the volume of assistant professors was 96 in 2002 and increased continuously ever after. ④ Each year the number of full-time instructors was larger than that of the other three professors. ⑤ The number of professors and associate professors dropped in 2004 and then increased sharply.

36. Sally Ride에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Sally Ride was born in a city in southern California in 1951. When in her twenties, studying astrophysics, Ride applied to be an astronaut at NASA and finally was accepted in 1977. After having received many NASA's extensive training courses, including parachuting, gravity and weightlessness training, she flew into space first with the space shuttle Challenger in 1983: Ride became the first woman to travel in space. Her second and last space flight was the eight-day Challenger mission in 1984. Ride's third mission was cancelled when the space shuttle Challenger exploded in 1986. Ride worked to investigate the cause of the accident and retired from the space program in 1987.

- ① 30대에 NASA의 우주 비행사가 되기 위해 지원했다.
- ② 1977년에 Challenger호에서 적응 훈련을 받았다.
- ③ 1984년에 처음으로 8일간의 우주 비행을 했다.
- ④ 우주선의 폭발로 세 번째 우주 비행을 할 수 없었다.
- ⑤ 퇴직 후 우주선 폭발의 원인을 규명하려고 하였다.

37. animal manure에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

When farmers clean barns, they put the manure, an organic matter from animal, in a big stack. Then it is spread on their fields for fertilizer. But there is another way of handling animal manure: Farms use it to make electricity. One cow, for example, creates an incredible 30 gallons of manure each day. A scooper pushes the manure into a big concrete tank. The tank is called a digester because what happens there is just like what happens inside a cow: Bacteria get to work and continue to digest the manure. Gas comes from the digester, but it has a positive outcome. The gas is captured and used as fuel to power electric generators.

- ① 농부는 쌓아 두었다가 비료로 사용한다.
- ② 농장에서 전기를 만들기 위해 사용된다.
- ③ 소 한 마리가 매일 상당한 양을 만들어 낸다.
- ④ 유해한 박테리아는 분해되고 가스만 남는다.
- ⑤ 생성된 가스는 발전기의 동력으로 사용된다.

[38~39] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

38. You, teenagers, set goals to make changes. How well do you do when it comes to meeting your goals? Deciding on a goal is one thing, doing it well is another. To have a plan with specific steps is necessary. But once things become really tough, it'll be hard to stay motivated. Indeed, to stick with a goal for a long time, one important thing is needed. As people with problems need help from friends and family, tell your goal to the people who can help for those times when your willpower is doing a couch potato act.

- ① 침대에 미래에 대한 원대한 꿈을 가져라.
- ② 목표달성을 위해 주변사람에게 그 목표를 알려라.
- ③ 실천 가능한 계획을 세워 삶에 변화를 주어야 한다.
- ④ 장기적인 목표달성을 위한 구체적인 계획을 세워야 한다.
- ⑤ 계획실천에 필요한 동기부여를 위해 휴식을 가져야 한다.

39. If you are reading a fairy tale, you won't probably begin reading by asking yourself questions about plot, characters, or atmosphere. When you read solely for pleasure, you are likely to let your mind drift along with the story, almost as if you were dreaming it. Yet this dreamy, unfocused approach, so perfect for leisure reading, is not appropriate for textbooks. With textbooks, you need a systematic but flexible system for study reading, one that can take into account your assignment, the difficulty of the material, and the author's style of writing.

- ① 책의 종류에 따라 읽는 방법이 다르다.
- ② 독서를 잘하려면 마음의 여유가 필요하다.
- ③ 동화책을 고를 때는 내용파악이 중요하다.
- ④ 학습을 위한 교재는 난이도를 고려해야 한다.
- ⑤ 책을 읽을 때는 저자의 의도파악이 우선이다.

40. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

These irregularities allowed forces to start to collect and concentrate matter.

Scientists believe that the Universe was created about 15 billion years ago in a single violent event known as the Big Bang. ( ① ) All the space, time, energy, and matter that make up today's Universe originated in the Big Bang. ( ② ) The early Universe was extremely small, dense, and hot. ( ③ ) So it did not have a perfectly even distribution of energy and particles. ( ④ ) These collections of matter formed into clouds, then condensed into stars and galaxies. ( ⑤ )



[41~42] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

41. Learning to work with other people is one of the most important skills you can develop for your school life and for your lifetime of work. More and more often, students are required to work with their peers to carry out a variety of tasks. In any of your classes, you may be asked to discuss an article together or to review information provided in lecture. You may even be asked to do a project together or to write a paper together for which you will be graded as a group! Working collaboratively with other people is a skill that will often be required of you in your lifetime of work.

- ① Efficient Ways to Make Groups
- ② Group Members' Different Traits
- ③ Competition: Motivation in Learning
- ④ Etiquette: Necessity in Group Work
- ⑤ Cooperation: Important Skill in Our Lives

42. The Hayward Fault, a long and dangerous crack in the Earth, slices along the base of the Berkeley Hills and directly through the University of California. Back in the 1920, architects planned for a grand football stadium at the university. At that time they refused to let a geologic imperfection stand in their way. Earthquake science was still young, but the architects apparently realized that the Hayward is a fault, where two pieces of crust move past each other. So the architects bravely built the stadium in two halves, shaped sort of like a coffee bean with a line. The stadium became a famous site in the university. [3점]

\* fault: 단층

- ① Origin of the Hayward Fault
- ② Escaping from Dangerous Crack
- ③ Berkeley Hills Shaped like a Coffee Bean
- ④ A Structure Overcoming a Natural Obstacle
- ⑤ Architects' Imperfect Knowledge of Geology

43. 다음 글의 상황에 나타난 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은?

One September night a family had gathered round their fireplace, and piled it high with the driftwood of mountain streams, the dry cones of the pine, and the splintered ruins of great trees that had come crashing down the cliff. Up the chimney roared the fire, and brightened the room with its broad blaze. The faces of the father and mother had a sober gladness; the children laughed; the eldest daughter was the image of happiness at seventeen; and the aged grandmother, who sat knitting in the warmest place, was the image of happiness grown old. They had found the "herb, heart's-ease," in the wildest spot of all New England.

- ① merry and comfortable      ② calm and lonely
- ③ busy and frustrating      ④ mysterious and scary
- ⑤ desperate and gloomy

44. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

A 'schema' is a structured sequence of events that we already understand. A useful way for authors to write stories is also the idea of the schema.

- (A) For instance, at a restaurant you go, order, eat, pay, and leave. This is a restaurant schema. If characters do not follow the usual sequence, stories generate interest.
- (B) The author does not have to specify that they are in the restaurant for eating some food. But the reader is drawn into the story because of his/her own restaurant schema.
- (C) Imagine two friends go to a restaurant and order food, but don't eat it. Why? What could be so important that they aren't touching food that they will pay for?

\* sequence: 순서

- ① (A) - (B) - (C)      ② (A) - (C) - (B)
- ③ (B) - (A) - (C)      ④ (B) - (C) - (A)
- ⑤ (C) - (A) - (B)

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Have you ever eaten ice cream or slushy ice in a hurry? If so, you might have gotten an ice cream headache—short, sharp, and awful pain in your head! This pain comes thanks to blood vessels connected to the two large carotid arteries in your neck. Some of these smaller blood vessels are just under the skin in your mouth and throat. When they feel cold, they send a message to the brain: "Cold here! We need to get back to a normal temperature!" The brain responds by sending more warm blood fast. To do this, the blood vessels all over your head have to expand to carry that extra blood. When they expand, they press against everything else in your forehead.

\* carotid artery: 경동맥



Ice-cream headache results from the brain's attempt to \_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_ our body temperature, accompanied by \_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_ blood vessels.

- | (A)         |       | (B)      |
|-------------|-------|----------|
| ① lower     | ..... | pressed  |
| ② lower     | ..... | expanded |
| ③ raise     | ..... | torn     |
| ④ normalize | ..... | expanded |
| ⑤ normalize | ..... | torn     |

[46~48] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

(A) This aroused my curiosity, so I asked Dr. Ruth himself why he did not pursue a more glittering role in his career. What he told me has changed my life forever. He told me that by working at the college (a) he would be able to reach the kinds of students who he believed would make a difference in the world. He said that with the right motivation and support, the students (b) he taught could become the future leaders of our country.

(B) I thought that I was the only one that was affected by his inspirational discourse, but at the end of the semester I found that the entire class had felt the same change come over them that came over me. (c) He encouraged us to take part in our community in any way we could. If Dr. Ruth had wanted to have something at his previous job, he would have had it. Instead, however, (d) he taught us how to care about our country, our community as well as ourselves.

(C) Two years ago, I enrolled in Long Castle College to pursue a degree in science. Last semester I took a space engineering class. The instructor had such a profound impact on me: Dr. Ruth served in an air base, worked in a nuclear program and served as an authority in the field of national security. When I asked another instructor why he who was so overqualified worked at a small community college, (e) he simply told me because Dr. Ruth wanted to.

46. 위 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)                      ② (B) - (A) - (C)  
 ③ (B) - (C) - (A)                      ④ (C) - (A) - (B)  
 ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

47. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a)      ② (b)      ③ (c)      ④ (d)      ⑤ (e)

48. 위 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① Dr. Ruth는 핵연구 프로그램에 참가했다.  
 ② Dr. Ruth는 대학에서 우주공학을 가르쳤다.  
 ③ Dr. Ruth는 이전 직업으로의 복귀를 원했다.  
 ④ 글쓴이는 학위를 받기 위해 대학에 입학했다.  
 ⑤ 글쓴이는 Dr. Ruth에게 큰 영향을 받았다.

[49~50] 두 사람의 대립된 의견을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

**Person A** Some employers say workplaces are quite formal and casual dress should be reserved for time off from work. I believe these people stick to old, fixed concepts and ignore diversity. Dressing casually means employees act and think more freely. Then they will be more creative in work, which can lead to higher productivity. It seems to be a current trend not to wear suits and ties at work. Another advantage of casual dress is that it is usually cheaper than suits. Not having to wear formal suits is like getting a raise. The old dress code at work should be given up.

**Person B** Recently, for the sake of cost and comfort, some people seem to have moved from neckties to blue jeans at work. However, dressing casually has some extreme possibilities; for example, the next step may be beachwear like shorts and sandals. I think companies should offer some guidelines lest their employees should show up in short pants or sweat clothes. They underestimate the impact their appearance has; it can impact the way people perceive you, treat you and determine a promotion. Although not fair, it is true; dressing appropriately \_\_\_\_\_.

49. 위 두 글의 핵심 쟁점으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① new policy in companies  
 ② dress code in a workplace  
 ③ raising the price of clothes  
 ④ job retraining of employees  
 ⑤ required conditions of promotion

50. **Person B**의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① is just as important as performing your job well  
 ② depends on individual preference pretty much  
 ③ doesn't imply who you are and what you have  
 ④ is related to your own comfort, not your job  
 ⑤ is naturally influenced by the current trends

※ 확인사항

- 문제지와 답안지의 해당란을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하십시오.